

Environmental Engineering

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING OF EFFICIENCY
BY COMPUTERIZATION OF TREATMENT REPORTS

Master's Project

by

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Introduction

There are innumerable occupational situations where detailed accounts of routine proceedings must be completed and reported to the proper authorities. Current inventory status and process control information play a vital role in almost every functioning industry. Public utilities, including municipal wastewater treatment plants are no exception.

Each wastewater treatment plant operator in Massachusetts must complete a report containing pertinent operational data once a month. This report is then sent for review to the appropriate regional office of the Massachusetts Division of Water Pollution Control. This review process consists of checking the data for errors and obvious operational problems. In addition, all point discharges must be monitored according to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES), as established by PL 92-500 (1972 Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments). The Division engineer could use the data to evaluate performance and determine the degree of percent plant utilization. The problem is that this type of individual attention is not feasible due to the number of reports which must be reviewed each month and the limited staff available.

The current data management system begins with tabular monthly operating reports prepared by the treatment plant operator. The Division of Water Pollution Control (DWPC) provides a monthly operating report form for this purpose, but many treatment plant operators prefer to use their own form. As a result, the Western Regional office of The DWPC receives 80 operating reports with a variety of different formats each month. Report contents vary from 81 parameters to more elaborate forms with additional parameters and diagnostic evaluations.

After a required check of regulatory performance requirements, the most important task of the Division engineer is to "troubleshoot" treatment plants not in compliance with their permits. This includes a simple scan, and if time permits, a more detailed examination of the monthly data. Due to budget cutbacks, staff layoffs, and an ever increasing number of permit holders, Division Engineers find they do not have time to process all of the report forms. Each month approximately 400 report forms from both municipal and industrial dischargers must be reviewed, each taking about an hour to complete. There are approximately 110 municipal treatment plants in the State. Rapid feedback on plant performance to aid treatment plants performing poorly is impossible.

Statement of Objectives. The purpose of this project is to develop a readily usable, straightforward computer program

capable of aiding the Massachusetts Division of Water Pollution Control in its management of monthly reports from wastewater treatment plants in the state. The program must be suitable for checking whether the plants are in compliance with their discharge permits and be able to perform simple diagnostic evaluations for certain parameters. It is hoped that the implementation of this program will result in a more efficient management system at decreased costs to the state.

This project report provides a detailed description of the program along with information on usage of the computer program. This report can function as a users manual or simply provide information for future, suitable modification.

Benefits of Computerized Monthly Reports. The State would benefit in many ways from changing to an automated reporting system. In time saved processing municipal reports alone, 110 person-hours can be gained per month. The substitute computer processing costs are much lower. Since computerized compliance checking decreases processing time, efficiency of the overall review process is increased and the State will be able to respond more quickly to ailing treatment plants. Since the Regional Engineers have more time available for performance evaluation and meetings with operators, STP's will run more efficiently and unnecessary

operating expenditures may be avoided.

The computer program can be expanded to include additional permit holders or expanded treatment diagnostics. Comparisons between similar treatment plant schemes could be routinely performed by the program.

Computerized reporting will probably improve the accuracy of the monthly reports. The operator may be more conscientious in preparing reports knowing that each individual parameter is checked each month for compliance. Double checking data in the reports will be easier. The computer printout scheme is set up so that operator errors can be detected with just a quick glance. For example, an effluent BOD of 300 (mg/l) will appear unusual when compared to the months values ranging between 20 and 30 (mg/l). In fact the computer could be programmed to do routine statistical analysis of data in order to eliminate extraneous data points.

At the present time, there is no uniform monthly report form in Massachusetts. Furthermore, the current forms request up to 81 pieces of information each day (see Appendix I). Much more information is requested than is necessary for compliance checking. A computer printout containing only relevant information presented in tabular form would be much easier to read.

State of the Art in Monthly Performance Reporting

Wastewater treatment plant reports often contain careless errors. Regulatory agencies spend a vast amount of time checking for improper transcription of data, incorrect calculation of averages, and unsatisfactory computation of operational parameters. These errors may falsely present a plant in compliance or cause unnecessary paperwork to be sent to other regulatory agencies if the plant is spotted out of compliance incorrectly. Errors can be minimized by consistent updating and practice of dimensional analysis.

A national survey conducted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (July 1979) cited improper technical guidance as the fifth most frequent cause of poor plant performance. This included misinformation from authoritative sources including design engineers, state and federal regulatory agency personnel, equipment suppliers, operator training staff, and other plant operators. Incorrect advice from officials could result from their limited field experience, inaccurate operator reporting, or simply from a lack of good supporting data.

A similar survey conducted in 1981 by Roberts et al cited three potential sources of monitoring data by which the performance of a treatment plant might be evaluated. One source is the data contained in plant operating reports.

Another source is the sampling and analyses information maintained by state regulatory agencies. The third source is results of analysis performed on the samples collected during an on-site investigation. This survey also ranked factors contributing adversely to plant performance. Misinformation, once again, was listed as a primary concern.

Passage of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972 prompted Tinsley and Andrews to reevaluate South Carolina's method of processing monthly reports. They admit that state and federal authorities often request extraneous data and information on the operation of each wastewater treatment facility. Officials have failed to realize that extensive data collection requires both increased time and resource expenditures. Review of this data by regulatory personnel is not carried to its fullest extent simply because of the large quantities processed. Once the parameters have been reviewed for compliance and non-compliance, the data is placed in files, and generally is never accessed again. Multiple utilization of this data could result in the savings of many person-hours. They conclude that computer processing techniques utilizing only essential data would streamline the reporting system and render it more useful.

Previous Work Done at the University of Massachusetts.

Research began in June 1974 by DiGiano et al on a computer program to analyze treatment plant data. The output, while presented more clearly than existing monthly reports, was not concise enough for general application. An optical scanning form was developed to aid data processing. A pilot scale study of implementation of the optical scanning form/DTECTR program system was conducted. Three wastewater treatment plants were involved in the study: Amherst, Massachusetts (at the time a primary treatment plant), Westfield, Massachusetts (an activated sludge treatment plant), and Greenfield, Massachusetts (a trickling filter treatment plant).

The old optical scanning form handled four days worth of data per sheet—two days of parameters were tightly fit onto each side. No decimal points were present to help the operator place significant figures. Instead of a circle response or bubble sheet, the form was equipped with bar responses. This type of optical scanning form is now obsolete and cannot be processed.

Plant operators from the treatment plants involved in the study completed the forms for processing and were then asked to comment on its format and the feasibility of the project. The Amherst primary treatment plant operator was not particularly impressed with the project. Data tabulation was not viewed as a more convenient system than

presently used. The operator did comment that the optical scan data report sheet was a more convenient means of reporting data. However small facilities with no ability to manipulate process parameters were not highly served by the project.

The Westfield, Massachusetts treatment plant operator was more enthusiastic about the value of the project. He was convinced that the project would be a valuable tool in administration and operation of his facility.

The Greenfield, Massachusetts treatment plant operator did not feel that the data compilation method was more convenient than that currently used. She concluded that the computer report was not extensive enough to substitute completely for their Monthly Monitoring Report. In order for the monthly computer form to take the place of the monthly monitoring report, space must be provided for the operator to explain certain conditions, request assistance, etc.

Greenfield's operator felt that the computer form was not particularly valuable for administration/operation of a small plant such as theirs. The benefits gained were not outweighed by the time necessary to complete it. She did recognize the value of the program to controlling agencies. She concluded that she would not object to participating in the program since the long range benefits for the wastewater field in general would justify the inconvenience to individual

operators.

This work was not maintained and as of 1981 both the program and the optical scanning form were out of date, leading to the initiation of the work described in this report.

To date, very little has been published concerning automation of wastewater treatment plant data. All references do, however, agree on the usefulness and practicality of instituting such a computer program. It was decided that the actual development and implementation of the program might not be a published research topic but rather a task assigned to a consulting firm or research group.

Survey of State Practices. To determine what method of monthly monitoring was currently used, a telephone survey of State Water Pollution Control Agencies was conducted. Thirteen states were chosen as the most likely to have instituted some form of computerized monthly reporting because of their active concern and involvement in environmental controls. The following is a summary of the survey findings. The survey results are summarized in Table 1.

The state of New Hampshire has no computerized aid for checking monthly operating report forms. A state official scans each discharge report monthly. Colorado, Illinois,

STATE	COMPUTERIZED FORM GENERATION	COMPUTERIZED COMPLIANCE CHECKING	COMPUTERIZED PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	COMMENTS
New Hampshire	no	no	no	--
Colorado	no	no	no	--
Illinois	no	no	no	--
Minnesota	no	no	no	--
Oregon	no	no	no	--
Washington	no	no	no	--
Wisconsin	yes	no	no	--
Virginia	yes	no	no	--
Texas	yes	no	no	--
Maine	no	yes	no	--
New York	no	yes	no	pending
California	no	yes	no	pilot
North Carolina	no	yes	no	--
Massachusetts	no	yes	yes	w/DTECTR

TABLE 1
RESULTS OF TELEPHONE SURVEY
NOVEMBER 1982

Minnesota, Oregon, Washington and Massachusetts have divided their states into regions to ease the monthly reporting review process. They do not use computerized monthly reporting.

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources uses the computer to print out the required monthly forms rather than for data review. Permit information for each treatment facility has been keyed into the computer and is retrieved each month for compliance monitoring. Some information is available for design referral. Operating forms are filled out by the operator and checked for compliance by department personnel.

The Commonwealth of Virginia has adopted a computer system to print out monthly operating reports. As was the case in Wisconsin, the computer is keyed with parameters specific to each discharger. Virginia appears to do a more thorough monitoring for heavy metals and other priority pollutants. Forms completed by the operator are checked at the Virginia State Water Control Board Offices.

The Texas Department of Water Resources requires all dischargers to submit reports showing monthly averages and permit violations. If their NPDES permit requests sampling for a specific parameter, the Department also requires this data. All information is entered into the computer manually. Stored data is available for problem analysis but

is not used for compliance checking.

The Department of Environmental Protection in the state of Maine has adopted a two form plan. The first sheet requires the operator to list all monthly operational parameters. Data on flow, sludge processing, secondary treatment and chlorination are required. Since the form checks for NPDES compliance, a section for analyzed parameters such as pH, temperature, BOD and suspended solids must be completed. Space is provided to give the minimum and maximum monthly values. The second form in Maine's Plan is a parameter "worksheet". The operator lists minimum, maximum and average values for a given parameter. Frequency of analysis and number of times permit levels were exceeded must also be included. This form provides valuable data on ailing treatment plants because it gives the Department of Environmental Protection a preliminary diagnosis to work from without traveling to the facility. The values for both forms are entered by hand into the computer and a monthly compliance report is printed out for all treatment plants in the state and used in the State office for reference.

New York State and California are both in the infant stages of computerized compliance monitoring. The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation is in the process of revising a previously abandoned monitoring system. Use of the program had been discontinued due to errors in the data base. Following implementation of the

system, data will be entered by hand.

California's State Water Resources Control Board has recently launched a pilot program to monitor dischargers entitled "The Automated Compliance Checking System". The system is designed to test the percent removal and effluent concentration requirements of the waste discharging facilities' permit. California has about 10,000 such facilities in the state. This system is being implemented on a pilot basis with three of California's nine Regional Boards taking part. Up to this time each region had been responsible for its own facilities' compliance.

The state of North Carolina has, by far, the most extensive computer data management and review system. A consulting engineer was hired to develop the program and an engineer, a chemist, and three programmers were hired specifically to implement the system. It is expected to take three years to complete the project. In addition to compliance monitoring, the system prints out non-compliance letters, checks on lab-technician and operator certification, and prints out latitudinal and longitudinal discharger locations. It is hoped that the program will eventually identify river dischargers by their location relative to numbered dissolved oxygen monitoring stations.

The U.S. EPA has paid little attention to computerization of monthly operating reports. A memorandum dated August 5, 1977 was sent to all EPA Regional

Enforcement Directors detailing a form to be used in computerizing the monthly monitoring process. Most responses were against the implementation of such a system. Regional Enforcement Directors thought that a form of this type would be too complicated for a permittee to understand. The optical scanning form was seen as a valuable asset for some applications, but the monthly monitoring reports would not adapt easily to a computerized approach. Final evaluation of the system indicated overwhelmingly that the Agency was not ready for either the form or its related automated data entry process.

Development of the DTECTR Program

The acronym DTECTR stands for Diagnostic Testing of Efficiency by Computerization of Treatment Reports. It is the name first assigned to the 1975 version of the treatment plant compliance checking program. A flowchart of the current DTECTR program is presented in Figure 1.

The flowchart pictured in Figure 1 includes the implementation of an optical scanning form which is currently under development. (The old version of the optical scanning form is included in Figure 2.) With this form, the computer is capable of transferring treatment plant data from the optical scanning sheets (as entered by the operator) directly into specific signals the computer can interpret. Use of this form eliminates the need for

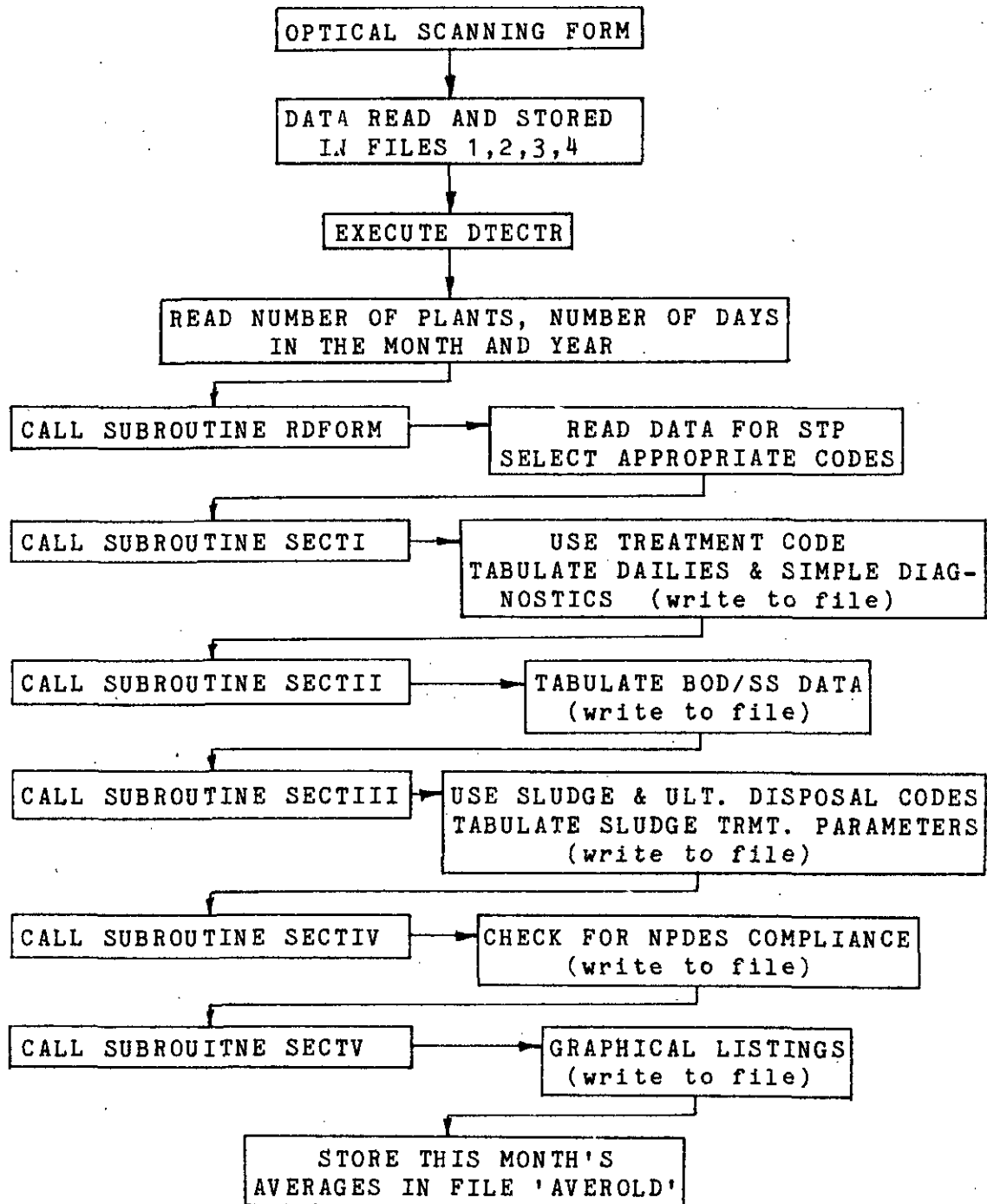


FIGURE 1
IDEALIZED DTECTR FLOW DIAGRAM

manual data processing.

Data entered on the optical scanning form is read and stored in four separate files. The computer also reads the number of days in the month and the total number of plants being processed.

Once data is stored in the proper files, The DTECTR program can be executed. The first of six subroutines in the program reads data for a single plant being processed. The next subroutine reprints in tabular form, parameters which are sampled daily and performs some simple diagnostic calculations. The third subroutine prints BOD and suspended solids data for the specific days such analyses were run and the fourth prints sludge treatment parameters in tabular form. The fifth subroutine checks for NPDES permit compliance while the final subroutine graphs some design and permit parameters vs. time. The graphs are included to facilitate trend identification and spot inspection.

Program Description. At the present time, the DTECTR program is stored on the VAX computer system located in the School of Engineering at the University of Massachusetts. The FORTRAN version of the program is structured as a main program with six separate subroutines for data manipulation. This program structure will facilitate understanding of the program and future modification. The program is designed to be easily adaptable to most other computer systems. (It is written in FORTRAN 77.)

Data from each treatment plant scheme is coded by three numbers: a treatment code, a sludge processing code and an treatment plant sludge ultimate disposal code. These numbers control what sections of each subroutine are applicable to each treatment facility. They are re-entered into the computer each month. There are five wastewater treatment, five sludge treatment, and seven ultimate disposal options available in the program. See Table 3 for a summary of available treatment processes included in the program.

Description of Files. Four input files and three permanent files are called by the program for data manipulation. The first file, "date.dat", tells the computer how many plants are to be processed. This is an indication of how many iterations must be completed to process all plants. Numerical assignments are given to the month, year, and number of days in that month.

The second file, "dailies.dat", contains all values for data collected daily. The day of the month, daily rainfall, minimum, maximum, and average wastewater flows are included in this section. Other parameters for which file space is provided for daily monitoring results are: recycle flows, dissolved oxygen, ammonia, residual chlorine, mixed liquor suspended solids, total and fecal coliform, phosphorus, nitrogen, and settleable solids. Zeros must be entered for dates on which daily data are not available in order to retain file continuity.

WASTEWATER TREATMENT PROCESSES

- primary treatment
- activated sludge
- modified activated sludge
- trickling filter
- extended aeration

SLUDGE TREATMENT PROCESSES

- thickening, digestion and mechanical dewatering
- digestion and bed drying
- thickening and mechanical dewatering
- digestion and mechanical dewatering
- digestion

METHOD OF ULTIMATE DISPOSAL

- incineration
- landfill
- land application
- reclamation
- reuse
- ocean disposal

TABLE 2
SUMMARY OF AVAILABLE TREATMENT PROCESSES

The third file, "BODSS.dat", first states the number of days on which BOD and suspended solids (SS) were analyzed. This number keys the computer to read influent, intermediary, and effluent BOD and SS data for the specified number of days. BOD and SS are input according to the date of the month on which tests were done.

The "sludge.dat" file contains data taken on the sludge processing operations days. Parameters required include unit flows, solids concentration, gas production (in the case of anaerobic digestion), pH, and time of operation. As with the BOD and SS file, parameters are identified by the day of the month data was taken. The file is also preceded by an integer indicating the frequency of sludge processing data collection.

The first permanent file, "limits.dat", holds any existing NPDES permit requirements for the treatment facility with space provided additionally for plant specific requirements. This file is set up so that any number not equal to the integer zero is considered a current permit value.

The final permanent permit file "averold.dat" has been created for internal use in Section V of the computer program and output: the graphing section. Using this file, the subroutine is designed to represent one past year's worth of BOD and SS data plus cumulative data for this year.

to date. A maximum of 24 months will be displayed. When the "averold.dat" file contains 24 months of BOD and SS monthly averages, the computer drops the earliest twelve values. This provides file space for the upcoming year's data.

Description of Subroutines. The DTECTR main program consists of a series of commands calling the various subroutines. It has been written so that each subroutine creates one section of output. The five subroutines can be described as follows.

Subroutine "rdform" reads files 1 through 4. For each plant, data is read and brought up for active use. Parameters are transferred consistently throughout the program via 'common' statements to maintain their original variable name assignment.

Subroutine "SectI" produces output Section I of the output: "Tabulation of Daily Operational Data". All parameters applicable to the chosen waste treatment code are printed out in tabular form for each day of the month. (See Figure 3) Numerical averages, or totals in the case of rainfall, are calculated and printed at the bottom of each column. The categories of treatment that can be handled by Section I include:

- primary treatment
- activated sludge

SECTION I :

TABULATION OF DAILY OPERATIONAL DATA

PLANT NUMBER 1 : MODIFIED ACTIVATED SLUDGE

DAY	RAINFALL (inches)	AVE. FLOW (mgd)	PEAK FLOW (mgd)	RECVC FLOW (mgd)	DO: AER TANK (mg/l)	MLSS (ml/l)	SVI (ml/g)/(days)	F/M RATIO	CHLORINE RESIDUAL (mg/l)	TOTAL COLIFORM (/100 ml)	FECAL COLIFORM (/100 ml)	PHOS (mg/l)	AMN NIT (mg/l)	NO3 NIT (mg/l)
1	0.00	3.06	4.10	0.00	0.0	2240.0	0.00	0.00	0.60	95.0	0.0	2.4	7.8	0.51
2	0.02	3.14	4.40	0.00	14.4	2235.0	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
3	0.06	3.10	4.40	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
4	0.01	3.03	4.20	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
5	1.14	3.54	6.40	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
6	0.35	3.16	4.70	0.00	0.0	2160.0	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
7	0.00	2.74	4.50	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.10	150.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
8	0.00	3.23	5.00	0.00	0.0	1710.0	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.0	0.0	1.8	12.6	0.00
9	0.00	3.16	4.40	0.00	31.8	1755.0	0.00	0.00	0.50	1000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
10	0.00	3.36	4.50	0.00	0.0	1210.0	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
11	0.00	2.89	4.50	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
12	0.00	2.96	4.10	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
13	0.01	2.97	4.50	0.00	0.0	1620.0	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
14	0.00	2.13	4.40	0.00	0.0	1350.0	0.00	0.00	1.60	68.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
15	0.00	2.35	5.00	0.00	0.0	1615.0	0.00	0.00	1.80	0.0	0.0	2.4	9.5	0.29
16	0.00	2.85	4.70	0.00	0.0	1695.0	0.00	0.00	1.10	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
17	0.00	2.77	5.00	0.00	0.0	1410.0	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
18	0.00	2.46	5.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
19	0.03	2.45	4.50	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
20	0.28	3.30	5.00	0.00	0.0	1175.0	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
21	0.63	3.33	4.90	0.00	0.0	1415.0	0.00	0.00	1.45	28.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
22	0.02	2.91	4.50	0.00	0.0	1600.0	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.24
23	0.00	3.21	4.50	0.00	0.0	1635.0	0.00	0.00	0.85	170.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
24	0.00	3.07	4.50	0.00	0.0	1365.0	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
25	0.00	2.66	4.50	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
26	0.00	2.14	4.90	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
27	0.14	3.00	4.50	0.00	0.0	1475.0	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
28	0.00	2.86	5.80	0.00	0.0	1655.0	0.00	0.00	1.30	69.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
29	0.42	2.63	0.00	0.00	0.0	1735.0	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.0	0.0	4.0	15.4	0.19
30	0.00	2.96	0.00	0.00	0.0	2030.0	0.00	0.00	1.05	110.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
31	0.00	3.50	4.50	0.00	0.0	1620.0	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
AVE.	3.11	2.94	4.40	0.00	23.10	1652.62	0.00	0.00	1.00	191.2	0.0	2.7	11.3	0.31

FIGURE 3
SECTION I OUTPUT

- modified activated sludge
- trickling filter
- extended aeration

It is hoped that this listing can take the place of the current monthly operating report form. Section I also calculates two simple diagnostic indicators: the sludge volume index and F/M ratio for the case where secondary treatment is activated sludge.

Subroutine "SectII" produces Section II of the output: "Daily BOD, SS Loading and Percent Removals". This section lists influent, effluent, and percent removals for BOD and suspended solids in terms of milligrams/liter and pounds/day for the day on which these tests were run. Arithmetic averages are listed at the bottom of each column. (See Figure 4)

Section III: Tabulation of Sludge Treatment Parameters is keyed from subroutine "SectIII". This section lists data for days when sludge processing units were operated. Arithmetic averages are listed below. (See Figure 5) Sludge treatment processes that can be handled are:

- thickening, digestion, and mechanical dewatering
- digestion and bed drying
- thickening and mechanical dewatering
- digestion and mechanical dewatering
- digestion

SECTION II:

DAILY BOD, SS LOADINGS, AND PERCENT REMOVALS

DAY	DAILY BOD		DAILY SS		BOD LOADING		SS LOADING		PERCENT REMOVALS	
	(mg/l)		(mg/l)		(PPD)		(PPD)		BOD	SS
	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent		
1	85.50	2.80	133.30	2.90	2181.99	71.46	3401.87	71.46	.97	.98
8	91.50	6.60	101.30	6.00	2411.43	173.94	2669.70	158.13	.93	.94
8	99.00	4.50	133.30	5.40	2666.88	121.22	3590.86	145.47	.95	.96
10	73.50	2.67	105.40	9.00	2059.65	73.42	2953.56	252.20	.96	.91
13	166.50	4.30	170.70	2.50	4124.17	106.51	4228.21	61.92	.97	.99
15	114.50	3.10	138.70	5.00	2322.48	60.76	2718.38	98.00	.97	.96
17	136.50	2.50	143.50	6.50	3153.40	57.75	3315.11	150.16	.98	.95
20	162.00	6.20	153.40	7.50	4458.56	170.64	4221.87	206.42	.96	.95
22	121.50	5.30	144.00	8.50	2948.73	128.63	3494.79	206.29	.96	.94
24	108.00	4.60	130.70	1.30	2765.21	117.78	3346.42	33.28	.96	.99
27	138.00	3.20	139.40	11.30	3452.76	80.06	3487.79	282.73	.98	.92
29	124.50	2.30	145.30	2.50	2599.20	50.45	3187.04	54.84	.98	.98
31	100.50	2.40	130.70	6.50	3017.41	72.06	3924.14	195.16	.98	.95
AVE.	116.88	3.88	136.13	5.75	2935.53	98.82	3426.13	147.39	.97	.96

FIGURE 4
SECTION II OUTPUT

SECTION III:

LABILATION OF SLUDGE TREATMENT PARAMETERS

METHOD: Digestion

DAY	FLO. TO DIGESTOR (100 gal)	INFL. PERCENT SOLIDS (%/1)	GAS PRODUCED (ft ³)	RETENTION TIME (min)	PH	VOL. SLUDGE PRODUCED (yd ³)	% SOLIDS SLUDGE
1	15.300	0.0	0.0	60	5.2	20.0	27.0
6	15.800	0.0	0.0	70	4.9	30.0	25.0
8	16.500	0.0	0.0	75	5.0	25.0	30.0
13	14.850	0.0	0.0	90	4.7	27.0	29.0
15	11.750	0.0	0.0	95	4.8	30.0	32.0
17	13.850	0.0	0.0	90	5.1	15.0	33.0
20	16.500	0.0	0.0	93	4.7	17.0	28.0
22	14.550	0.0	0.0	95	4.9	19.0	33.5
24	15.350	0.0	0.0	86	5.1	25.0	35.1
27	15.000	0.0	0.0	87	5.2	19.0	29.7
29	13.150	0.0	0.0	90	4.9	28.0	29.1
AVE.	14.782	0.0	0.0	83.	5.0	23.2	30.1

METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Incineration

FIGURE 5
SECTION III OUTPUT

Generic treatment processes rather than specific treatment methods are used so that five choices might encompass as many sludge treatment schemes as possible. For a case where a treatment scheme cannot be matched to one of the five choices, zeros can be substituted for inappropriate parameters. Section III also prints out a treatment facility's method of ultimate sludge disposal. Options included in the program are:

- incineration
- landfill
- land application
- reclamation
- reuse
- ocean disposal

Subroutine "SectIV" checks for NPDES permit compliance. Each NPDES permit parameter is printed out in the first column, the plants' monthly maximum in the second, and the permit level in the third. (See Figure 6) A final column lists the number of times the permit was exceeded. Dates of the violations are not printed out since these are easily identified in the graphs presented in Section V and in the tabular listings of Sections I and II. Permit parameters not specified for a particular facility are shown as "0.0".

This section also compares overall plant flow to 80% of design capacity. Anything over 80% is flagged as a "violation". This is included as an indicator that whether

SECTION IV. 1

COMPARISON OF OPERATING PERFORMANCES
WITH PERMIT AND DESIGN LIMITS

	MAXIMUM VALUE	PERMIT LEVEL	NO. TIMES PERMIT EXCEEDED
Daily BOD (mg/l)	2.40	0.00	0
Monthly BOD (mg/l)	3.88	30.00	0
Daily SS (mg/l)	6.50	0.00	0
Monthly SS (mg/l)	5.75	30.00	0
Daily Percent Removal: BOD	0.98	0.00	0
Monthly Percent Removal: BOD	0.97	0.00	0
Daily Percent Removal SS	0.98	0.00	0
Monthly Percent Removal: SS	0.96	0.00	0
Daily Effl. Phosphorus (mg/l)	4.00	0.00	0
Monthly Effl. Phosphorus (mg/l)	2.70	0.00	0
Daily Effl. Ammonia (mg/l)	15.40	0.00	0
Monthly Effl. Ammonia (mg/l)	11.33	0.00	0

FIGURE 6
SECTION IV OUTPUT

Daily Effl. Nitrate (mg/l)	0.19	0.00	0
Monthly Effl. Nitrate (mg/l)	0.31	0.00	0
Daily Flow (mgd)	3.60	0.00	0
Monthly Design Flow (mgd)	2.94	7.00	0
Daily Total Coliform (/100 ml)	119.0	0.0	0
Monthly Total Coliform (/100 ml)	191.2	1000.0	0
Daily Fecal Coliform (/100 ml)	0.0	0.0	0
Monthly Fecal Coliform (/100 ml)	0.0	200.0	0
Daily Settleable Solids (mg/l)	0.000	0.000	0
Monthly Settleable Solids (mg/l)	0.000	0.100	0
Other Parameter I (units)	0.000	0.000	0
Monthly Other Parameter I (units)	0.000	0.000	0
Other Parameter II (units)	0.000	0.000	0
Monthly Other Parameter II (units)	0.000	0.000	0

problems requiring remedial action such as increased capacity needs or excessive infiltration/inflow may be occurring.

Parameters included in this section are:

- daily and monthly effluent BOD
- daily and monthly effluent suspended solids
- daily and monthly percent removal BOD
- daily and monthly percent removal suspended solids
- daily and monthly effluent phosphorus
- daily and monthly effluent ammonia
- daily and monthly effluent nitrate
- daily and monthly total coliform
- daily and monthly fecal coliform
- daily and monthly settleable solids

Storage space has been provided for two additional permit parameters. They are listed on the output as Other Parameter I and Other Parameter II. These parameter categories may be used on a plant specific basis where the plant operator and the DWPC agree upon the parameters to include. The program heading must read Other Parameter I and Other Parameter II since they cannot be distinguished on a plant by plant basis.

The fifth and final subroutine produces Section V of the output: "Graphical Representation of Performance Data and NPDES and Design Parameters". It gives graphical

representations of important parameters. (See Figure 7) There are 5 graphs in this section. The first two graphs show daily effluent BOD and SS concentrations for the current month. Data points are printed out only for days when samples were tested.

The third graph in Section V shows daily average plant flow and rainfall data as a function of time. Plant flow values can be read from the lefthand side of the graph and rainfall from the right side. Rainfall points on the graph are indicated with a rising vertical set of points in a 'pseudo-hyetograph' fashion for easier interpretation. This graph might give an indication of the effect of infiltration/inflow on a particular treatment plant.

The first three graphs are positioned one under the other so that a given day of the month can be read along the same vertical line. In all three cases, the maximum value for the graph has been arrived at by searching for that month's maximum value. Values on the y-axis are also printed for three-fourths, one half, and one fourth of this monthly maximum.

The same method was used to arrive at a maximum value for the fourth and fifth graphs in Section V; except that this maximum value is compared to the existing permit level. If the permit value is greater, it becomes the maximum value.

SECTION V :

GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION OF NPDES & DESIGN PARAMETERS

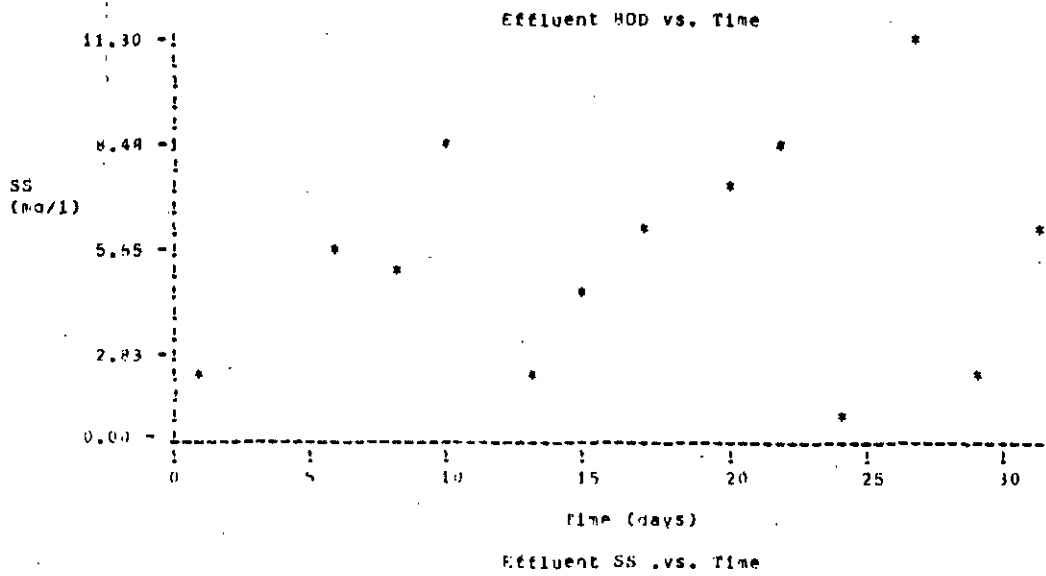
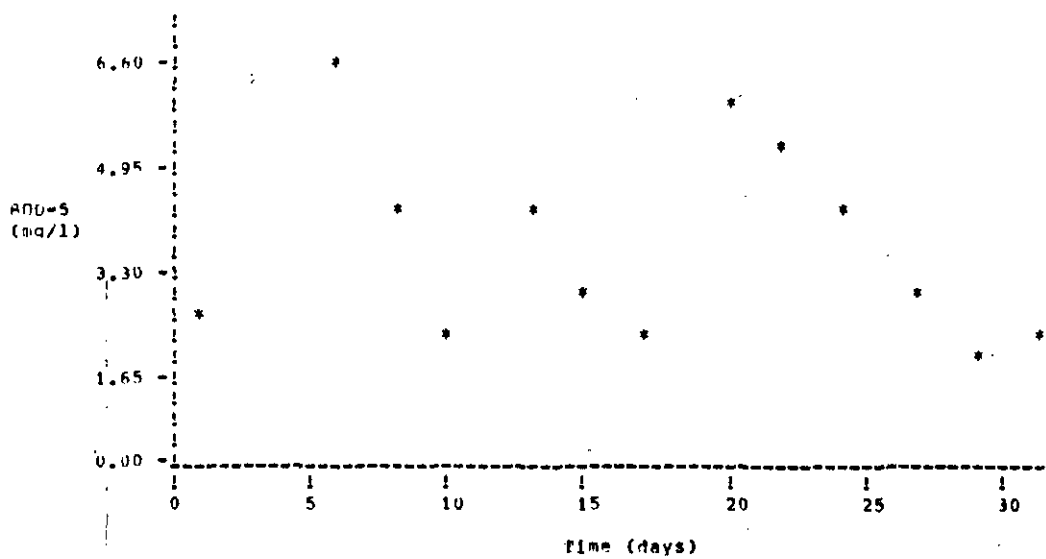
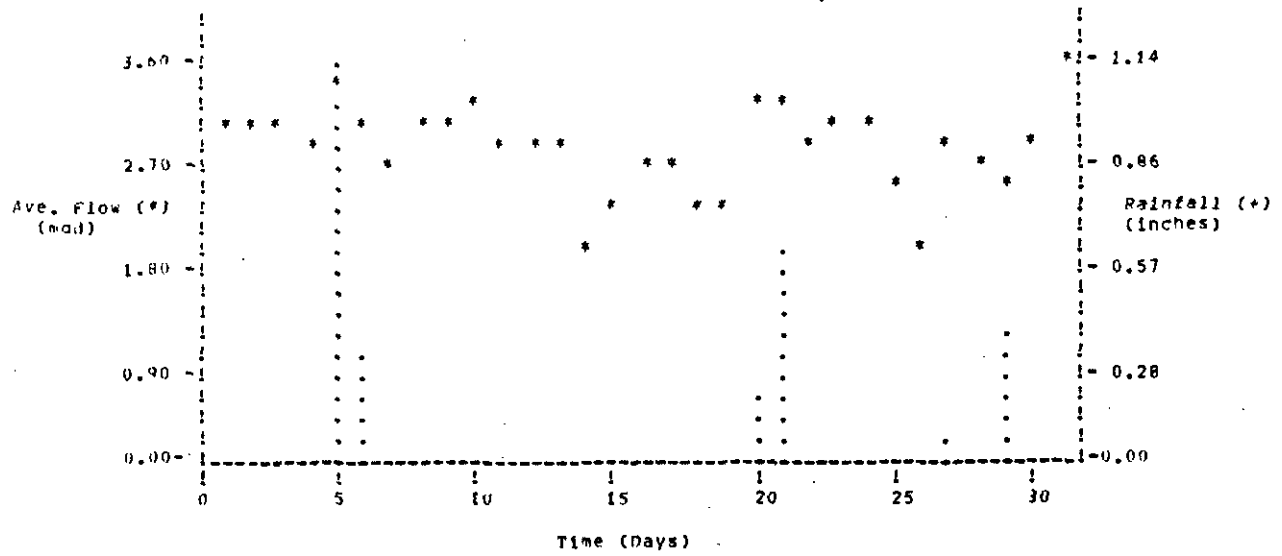
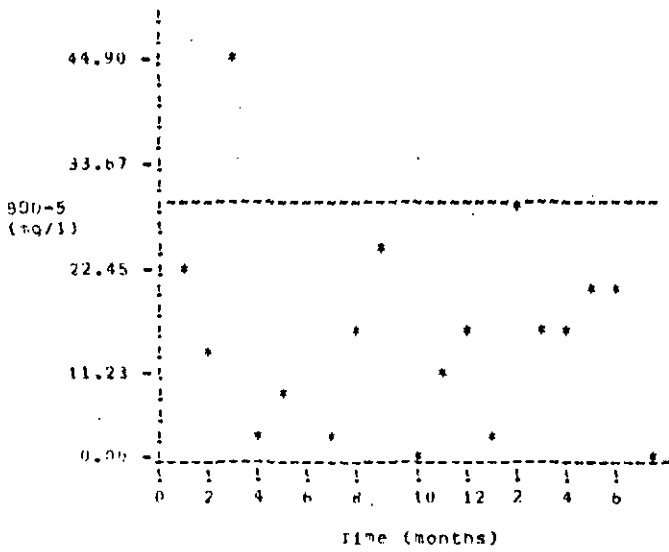


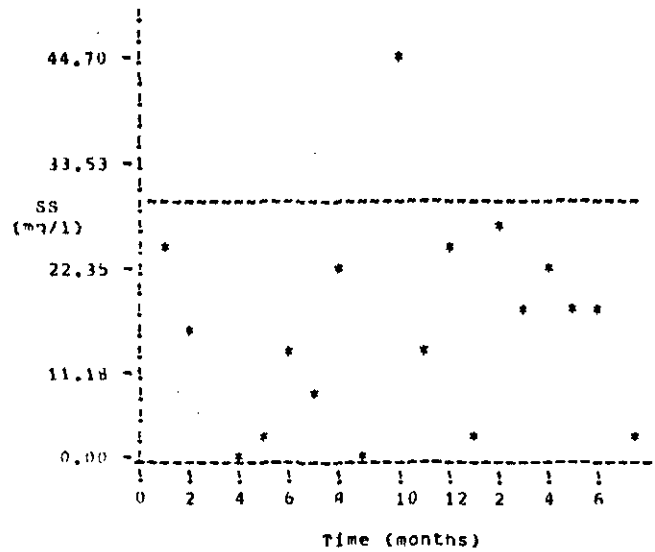
FIGURE 7
SECTION V OUTPUT



Average Flow & Rainfall vs. Time



Monthly BOD vs. Time



Monthly SS vs. Time

Graphs 4 and 5 use calculated average monthly BOD and SS values for the current year and the year past. At the end of every year, the previous year's data is dropped from storage to make room for the new year's data. Thus, between 13 and 24 monthly averages are shown on each graph.

Specific Discussion of Output. Figures 3 through 7 give examples of each section of printout. The format Sections II, IV, and V remain the same regardless of a change in treatment or sludge code; while different sections of I and III exist for each chosen code.

The following parameters are included in all treatment choices for Section I:

- day of the month
- rainfall
- average flow
- peak flow
- chlorine residual
- total coliform
- fecal coliform
- effluent phosphorus
- effluent ammonia nitrogen
- effluent nitrate nitrogen

The above parameters are printed out when primary treatment is coded in. Additional parameters included when a trickling filter scheme has been coded are:

- recycle flow
- effluent dissolved oxygen

For conventional activated sludge, extended aeration, and modifications of activated sludge (ie. step aeration) the following parameters are added:

- mixed liquor suspended solids
- sludge volume index
- food/microorganism ratio
- volatile suspended solids

The Sludge Volume Index and Food to Microorganism ratio are calculated within the the program. Both mixed liquor suspended solids, volatile suspended solids and F/M ratio give an indication of the state of the activated sludge process (ie. microorganism age, need for detention time change). The sludge volume index indicates whether the microbial sludge is settling well enough to be properly dewatered farther down the line.

Additional simple diagnostics and process performance parameters could be added as a separate section. The primary purposes of DTECTR are to make monthly reporting and NPDES compliance checking more efficient so these diagnostics have not been included in this version.

The parameters included in Section I are similiar to those required by the 1974 DTECTR Program. The Western Massachusetts Office of the State Division of Water

Pollution Control and Department of Environmental Quality Engineering were consulted and recommended no major changes. All parameters required here are already included in most individual monthly operating reports. It should be noted that file space has not been created for inclusion of effluents from each unit process since this information is not intrinsic to the monthly compliance checking process.

Since coding of specific treatment types has not been included in Section II, the computer must determine what value represents the final effluent BOD and SS concentrations. If there is no value for the BOD from tertiary treatment, the BOD from secondary treatment is considered the final effluent BOD and so on through primary wastewater treatment. Chlorination is not considered tertiary treatment.

Use of the Program

As it exists now, the DTECTR program is workable for manual data input. With the use of cards or a CRT terminal for keypunching, plant parameters can be entered into their proper files and stored indefinitely. The entire month's data from each plant must be entered together in chronological order. However, the order of plant arrangement need not be sequenced because the computer arranges them in a prespecified alphanumeric sequence. The plant number given at the beginning of Section I is another

code number that can be referenced back to the name of the region or municipality where the treatment plant is located. This information is printed at the beginning of the program.

Logical abbreviations of standard names have been used for all variables, including those internal to the program, wherever possible. For example, the daily rainfall parameter is RAIN(M); with 'M' being a particular day of the month. A list of variables along with their usage in the program is included in the appendix of this report.

Implementation Costs. The most significant implementation action would involve entering treatment plant data and NPDES permit requirements into permanent files. In addition to programming costs during implementation, there are consulting and printing fees associated with the optical scanning form.

Minimal effort would be required to put DTECTR up on the Division's computer system. This discussion assumes that the Division would have the optical scanning forms read at the University of Massachusetts, Amherst rather than purchasing their own hardware.

Once implemented, considerable costs savings will be seen by the Massachusetts Division of Water Pollution Control. An actual cost comparison between conventional compliance report review and computerized systems is not

available because a full scale computerized system with an optical scanning form has not as yet been implemented. A cost comparison, including required person-hours and computer costs was arrived at in 1975 by the Western Regional Office of the MDWPC. This branch processes approximately 100 treatment plant reports per month. The cost for computerized compliance checking in 1975 figures are as follows:

Computation Costs		
0.028 hr at \$1000/hr		=\$28
Printing and Storage Costs		=\$30
Person-power Costs		
0.25 hr per review X		
100 reviews X \$6/hr		=\$150
Optical Scanner Rental Cost		
\$400/month shared amongst		
three regional offices		=\$133

Total Monthly Costs for DTECTR		\$341

It should be noted that this cost estimation included the rental of an optical scanner and this is no longer necessary because reports are processed at the University of Massachusetts, Amherst.

Personnel at the Western Regional Office spend about one hour checking each treatment plant per month using the

conventional method. At the salary rate given above, a simple calculation for 100 plants yields a monthly cost of 600 dollars. The figures indicate that costs of using the DTECTR system are almost half of the currently used method. In addition, person-hours are reduced and more time is available for the engineers to use these monthly report results to improve treatment plant efficiency.

A Look Forward

Several extensions of the current DTECTR program are possible. These include: (1) Optical scanning, (2) Distributed Data Processing, (3) An expanded evaluation system, (4) Non-municipal permit reporting and compliance checking, and (5) Cost Assessment Evaluation.

Optical Scanning. Optical scanning is the process of reading information from a document using an optical mark or character reader. Common examples are score sheets for computer graded tests. The process involves changing the information on the document into specific electronic signals which can be stored on computer magnetic tapes.

Optical scanning has many advantages over the conventional means of data input. The marks entered on the scanning form are read directly by the scanner onto computer files. This eliminates a major factor of error in data transcription: keypunching oversight. Data files will

therefore be more accurate and the processing time will be greatly reduced. Data collection costs are reduced because only paper and pencil are required to complete the process.

The primary purpose of an optical scanning form is to translate data into information a computer can understand. A number of steps are necessary before the scanning form system can be used. First, an optical scanning form must be designed to suit both the operator and the programmer. Secondly, a computer program must be written and tested to read the data from the optical scanning form. The documents read by the scanner and the information is processed by a computer program and organized into an input file suitable for use with the DTECTR program.

At the present time, optical scanning forms utilize a bubble or response circle format. Each circle on the forms corresponds to a point that can be read by a single photocell in the scanner. There are 2961 possible points on the optical scanning form. It is important that the form be designed so that space is utilized efficiently, but not to the point of clutter. The instructions must be clear and compatible with the scanner model being used.

Change of reporting methods to a computerized system will be a big change for treatment plant operator. The transition should be made as smoothly as possible. Planning an optical scanning form with the operators' convenience

and comfort in mind is an important consideration in gaining acceptance and minimizing error. The UMASS Information Processing Center has written a number of manuals to provide guidance and the actual design of the optical scanning form.

An optical scanning form adaptable to the DTECTR Program should be arranged according to the program's input files. Wastewater treatment daily values, BOD and suspended solids data (filled in only on applicable days) and sludge treatment parameters should be placed in separate sections of the form. Separation of the daily and non-daily parameters should help minimize operator error. Also, both sides of the form should be used with 1 days' values on each side. A preliminary mock-up of an optical scanning form is presented in Figure 8.

Space should be provided for the operators' signature to certify that all entries have been entered correctly. A box for operator comments should also be included. Program identifier codes, plant number, treatment scheme, and sludge handling, must be entered each month for the plant. A header form might be necessary to inform the computer of information contained in file 1; the total number of plants and the number of days in the month. Since the DTECTR program will be run from a CRT terminal, this information could be entered at the time of programming by a series of input interactive commands.

EXAMPLE PARAMETER

RAIN	SLUDGE TREATMENT DATA	ANYTHING OUT OF	OPERATOR SIGNATURE
DAILY DATA	BOD/SS DATA	THE ORDINARY?	
		COMMENTS	
			DATE
			PLANT CODING

FIGURE 8
PRELIMINARY OPTICAL SCANNING FORM SKETCH

Optical scanning forms are usually 8-1/2 X 11 inches in area, however, the optical scanner at the University can process optical scanning forms up to 11 X 17 inches in size. The larger size might be preferable because the additional space can be used for directions, comments and boxes in which the data values can be written above the form's "bubble" marks.

It should be noted that the minimum number of optical scanning forms printed by the National Computer Systems, Inc. is 5,000 at a cost of approximately \$87.00 per 1,000. Initial cost of the optical scanning form design is about \$500.00. The designer must allow 7 weeks from the time the first draft of the form is sent in until the completed optical scanning forms are delivered.

Distributed Data Processing. We have assumed that monthly operating reports and permit compliance checking would continue to be handled by the DWPC (ie. centralized). An alternate arrangement would be to have each treatment plant prepare the monthly reports on their own micro-computer with their own DTECTR program. They could then send the computer generated reports to the DWPC each month.

A centralized system is more economical than a distributed system. Perhaps most importantly, a centralized system allows the DWPC to maintain maximum control over the reporting/compliance process.

There are also a number of disadvantages. Mistakes can be made either in completing the optical scanning forms or in keypunching data files. There is a cost involved in processing the scanning forms in operator and computer time. If the keypunch option is chosen, data processing personnel must be hired to transcribe data to files. Both choices of data transcription to a central processing system can be inconvenient because all forms have to be present before the program is run.

Distributed monthly processing, while having a higher implementation cost, has many advantages. A small micro-computer could be equipped with a dynamic or interactive program written to ask the operator for daily data. The computer would then file this data onto a disk for storage. If required, the disk also could be sent to the State along with the program output for review each month.

The DTECTR Program could be modified to fit individual plant schemes. An "APPLE" micro-computer can have a memory capacity of up to 256,000 bytes. As it exists now, the FORTRAN DTECTR program could be run on a microcomputer. The DTECTR program without the interactive files is contained in 58,000 bytes. The executable version of the program requires approximately 39,500 bytes and the input/output files, about 3000 bytes. If the program is too large for a specific micro-computer, it could easily be broken down into several smaller programs and executed separately.

The operator would be able to enter more cost information into the computer for report purposes or for testing plant modification feasibility. The operator would be able to enter data into files every day instead of completing a compliance report form. The main disadvantage to a distributed system, however, is the high capital cost involved in investing in micro-computers for each treatment plant. A significant investment in operation training may also be required to teach the operators to use and be comfortable with the micro-computers. On the other hand, once the operators are "computer literate", the micro-computer could be used to perform a host of other functions for the staff (automatic recording of process parameters, inventory, maintenance records, real time evaluation of plant performance, technical assistance and referencing, ect.) Substantial programming time and costs would be incurred if individual plant modification programs were implemented.

Expanded Evaluation System. An expanded evaluation system could be developed for plants not meeting their permit requirements. Additional subroutines would be called to describe and analyze the nature and probable cause of the non-compliance incident. The computer could determine whether the situation is unique or recurring and make recommendations to help alleviate the problem.

Non-Municipal Permit Reporting and Compliance Checking. The DTECTR program could be used to check industrial waste

discharger permits. This would, of course, encompass a much larger range of permit values and diagnostics, but the basic programming ideas are the same.

Cost Assessment. The DTECTR program could be expanded to be used to compile and assess overall treatment plant operation and maintenance costs broken down for operating each unit if desired. This would enable the MDWPC to draw comparisons between similar plants and prepare practical operational recommendations for saving time and energy.

Recommendations For the Future

The first step in implementing the DTECTR system is the design of an optical scanning form. A preliminary version of this form should be sent to operators to complete for a number of months. Data from this form would be entered into the computer manually and results sent both to the State and back to the operator. After a few months of Division and operator feedback, a final version of the optical scanning form should be designed by the UMASS Environmental Engineering Program and the Information Processing Center. Design and printing of the form will take approximately two months.

The Division should consider expanding the DTECTR program to accommodate all permit holders: municipal, industrial and other non-municipal dischargers.

Conclusions

An optical scanning form for data reporting and computer program for report generation and compliance monitoring are a feasible alternative to the conventional method of monthly report checking. Benefits over the current checking method include time savings, cost reduction, increased accuracy, more complete and legible reporting, and easier interpretation of data and trends. In addition, the DTECTR computer program can be expanded to include more complicated diagnostics or cost information. This would make the time spent checking reports each month even shorter.

An optical scanning form designed with the operator in mind, once implemented, will be easy to complete each month. Operator feedback during the trial period will help minimize problems farther down the line.

As computerized technology takes on more and more filing and reporting tasks, it is inevitable that some type of computerized system be implemented to complete the monthly compliance checking of wastewater treatment plant report forms. The DTECTR/Optical Scanning form system is a practical, feasible method to meet current objectives and to provide a basis for future expansion.

APPENDIX I: CURRENT MONTHLY REPORT FORM

MONTHLY REPORT
WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

City or Town _____

Month _____ 19__

Chief Operator _____

Date	pH				AIR SUPPLIED (CFM)	RECIRCULATION (MGD)		MIXED LIQUOR SETTLEABILITY (ml/L)	SAND FILTERS OR LAGOONS			Date	
	Raw Sewage	Primary Effluent	Mixed Liquor	Final Effluent		To Trickling Filters	Return Activated Sludge		Total Acres Dosed	Unit Numbers	Total Dose (MGD)		
	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	
1													1
2													2
3													3
4													4
5													5
6													6
7													7
8													8
9													9
10													10
11													11
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16													16
17													17
18													18
19													19
20													20
21													21
22													22
23													23
24													24
25													25
26													26
27													27
28													28
29													29
30													30
31													31
TOTAL													
MEDIAN													

Date	5 DAY BOD (mg/L)										SUSPENDED SOLIDS (mg/L)									
	Raw	Primary Effluent	% Removed	Secondary Effluent	% Removed	Final Effluent	% Removed	Down-stream	Up-stream	Raw		Effluent			Aeration Tank		Return Sludge Total	Aerated Digester		
										Total	Volatile	Primary Total	Secondary Total	Final Total	Total	Volatile		Total	Volatile	
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67		

*Multiply Value By 1000

87	Name	PLANT PERSONNEL	Title	Class

88	PLANT DESIGN DATA	
Type	Present Average Flow	MGD
Design Capacity	MGD	Population Served

89. COMPOSITE SAMPLE INFORMATION

- Composite from _____ to _____
- Number of samples in composite _____
- Interval between samples _____
- Composite made up from:
 Samples of equal volume Proportion to flow

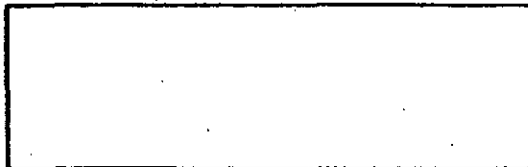
90 GENERAL COMMENTS (Operating Problems or Assistance Desired)

'G' = Grab Samples (Note: All other samples will be composited)

Date	DISSOLVED OXYGEN mg/L						SLUDGE														Date
	Raw	Aeration Tank	Secondary Effluent	Final Effluent	Downstream	Upstream	Sludge to Digester (1000 gals)	Excess Activated Sludge (gals)	Digester Temp (°F)	pH		Supernatant Wasted (1000 gals)	Gas		Vacuum Filter or Centrifuge						
										Digester Sludge	Over flow to Primary Tank		Produced (1000 cu ft)	Used (1000 cu ft)	1000 Gallons	% Solids	Chemicals		Filter Cake		
																	lbs. /24 hrs	lbs. /24 hrs	lbs. /24 hrs	% Solids	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36		
1																				1	
2																				2	
3																				3	
4																				4	
5																				5	
6																				6	
7																				7	
8																				8	
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25																				25	
26																				26	
27																				27	
28																				28	
29																				29	
30																				30	
31																				31	
TOTAL																					
MEDIAN																					

Please forward this report to the Regional Engineer at the address above by the 10th of each following month.

MONTHLY REPORT
WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT



City or Town _____

Month _____ 19__

Chief Operator _____

Date	WEATHER			SEWAGE				CHLORINATION				SETTLABLE SOLIDS ml/L				Date	
	Rainfall (in.)	Temp °F	Temp. °F	Flow (MGD)				Grit & Screening (cu. ft.)	Pre		Post		Raw	Primary Effluent	Secondary Effluent		Final Effluent
				Maximum	Minimum	Total	Bypass		Dosage lbs./24 hrs	Residual (mg/L)	Dosage lbs./24 hrs	Residual (mg/L)					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	16	
1																	1
2																	2
3																	3
4																	4
5																	5
6																	6
7																	7
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24																	24
25																	25
26																	26
27																	27
28																	28
29																	29
30																	30
31																	31
TOTAL				Maximum	Minimum												
MEDIAN																	

APPENDIX II: LISTING OF VARIABLES IN DTECTR PROGRAM

VARIABLE	PARAMETER
a	counter
aa	counter
aaa	counter
amm	daily effluent NH ₃ -N (mg/l)
ammave	monthly effluent NH ₃ -N (mg/l)
ammavelim	monthly effluent permit value (mg/l)
ammlim	daily effluent ammonia value (mg/l)
ap	counter
app	counter
aza	counter
b	counter
bb	counter
bbb	counter
bodave	monthly BOD counter
bodavemax	maximum monthly BOD (mg/l)
bodavemx	3/4 maximum monthly BOD (mg/l)
bodavemxx	1/2 maximum monthly BOD (mg/l)
bodavemxxx	1/4 maximum monthly BOD (mg/l)
bodavelim	monthly effluent BOD permit value (mg/l)
bodawt	BOD tertiary (mg/l)
bodflb	effluent BOD (ppd)
bodflim	daily effluent BOD permit value (mg/l)
boddmax	daily BOD counter
bodfmax	maximum daily BOD (mg/l)
bodfmx	3/4 maximum daily BOD (mg/l)
bodfmx	1/2 maximum daily BOD (mg/l)
bodfmx	1/4 maximum daily BOD (mg/l)
bodp	BOD primary (mg/l)
bodr	BOD influent (mg/l)
bodrlb	influent BOD (ppd)
bods	BOD secondary (mg/l)
byb	counter
c	counter
cc	counter
ccc	counter
clr	chlorine residual (mg/l)
colfec	fecal coliform count (/100 ml)
colfecave	monthly average fecal coliform (/100 ml)
colfecavelim	monthly fecal coliform permit value
colfeclim	daily fecal coliform permit value
coltot	total coliform count (/100 ml)
coltotave	monthly average total coliform (/100 ml)
coltotavelim	monthly total coliform permit value
coltotlim	daily total coliform permit value
cxc	counter
d	counter
dash	counter matrix
date	day of the month matrix
dates	day of the month matrix
day	day of the month
dd	counter
ddd	day BOD/SS sampled for

VARIABLE	PARAMETER
ddy	day sludge processed
desbodavelim	monthly design BOD (mg/l)
designbod	daily design BOD (mg/l)
designflow	daily design flow (mgd)
doat	dissolved oxygen aeration tank (mg/l)
dof	dissolved oxygen final (mg/l)
dwd	counter
e	counter
ee	counter
eee	counter
eve	counter
f	counter
ff	counter
fff	counter
flow	daily average flow (mgd)
flowave	monthly average flow (mgd)
flowavelim	monthly design flow value (mgd)
flowdewat	flow to dewatering (1000 gal)
flowdigest	flow to digester (1000 gal)
flowmax	daily maximum flow (mgd)
flowmin	daily minimum flow (mgd)
flowpeak	maximum average flow
flowpk	3/4 maximum average flow (mgd)
flowpkk	1/2 maximum average flow (mgd)
flowpkkk	1/4 maximum average flow (mgd)
fm	F/M ratio
flowthick	flow to thickener (1000 gal)
fuf	counter
g	counter
gas	gas produced in digester (ft ³)
gg	counter
ggg	counter
graph	graph matrix
h	counter
hh	counter
hhh	counter
i	treatment code number
iscdigest	influent % solids to digester
iscdewat	influent % solids to dewatering
iscthick	influent % solids to thickener
iloop	counter
incr	counter matrix
ixe	counter
j	counter
jcount	counter
jxe	counter
k	sludge treatment code number
m	counter for do-loop
mark	counter matrix
mlset	mixed liquor settleable solids
mm	number of days in month
mod	code #: method of ultimate disposal

VARIABLE	PARAMETER
mon	month being processed
month	numerical assignment of month's matrix
mxe	counter
nit	daily average nitrogen (mg/l)
nitave	monthly average nitrogen (mg/l)
nitavelim	monthly effluent nitrogen permit value
nitlim	daily effluent nitrogen permit value
nm	code: was sludge treated (Y)=0 (N)=1
nmm	counter: days sludge processed
nn	code: was BOD/SS sampled (Y)=0 (N)=1
nnn	counter: days BOD/SS sampled
nop	number of STP's processed
num	counter
numplnt	plant identification number
o	counter
oo	counter
ooo	counter
otherI	daily other parameter I
otherIave	monthly other parameter I
otherIavelim	monthly other parameter I permit value
otherIlim	daily other parameter I permit value
otherII	daily other parameter II
otherIIave	monthly other parameter II
otherIIavelim	monthly other parameter II permit value
otherIIlim	daily other parameter II permit value
p	counter
ph	ph sludge in digester
percentsol	% solids final sludge
phos	daily effluent average phosphorus (mg/l)
phosave	monthly average effluent phosphorus
phosavelim	monthly effluent phosphorus permit value
phoslim	daily effluent phosphorus permit value
plotI	graph matrix
plotII	graph matrix
pp	counter
prbodavelim	monthly % removal BOD permit value
prbodlim	daily % removal BOD permit value
prssavelim	monthly % removal SS permit value
prsslim	daily % removal SS permit value
s	counter
setsol	settleable solids (mg/l)
setsolave	monthly average settleable solids
setsolavelim	monthly settleable solids permit value
setsollim	daily settleable solids permit value
ss	counter
ssat	SS aeration tank (mg/l)
ssave	monthly suspended solids counter
ssavelim	monthly effluent SS permit value
ssavemax	maximum monthly SS (mg/l)
ssavemx	3/4 maximum monthly SS (mg/l)
ssavemxx	1/2 maximum monthly SS (mg/l)
ssavemxxx	1/4 maximum monthly SS (mg/l)

VARIABLE	PARAMETER
ssawt	tertiary SS (mg/l)
ssflb	SS effluent (ppd)
ssflim	daily erfluent SS permit value
ssfmax	maximum daily SS (mg/l)
ssfm _x	3/4 maximum daily SS (mg/l)
ssfm _{xx}	1/2 maximum daily SS (mg/l)
ssfm _{xxx}	1/4 maximum daily SS (mg/l)
ssp	SS primary (mg/l)
ssr	SS influent (mg/l)
ssrlb	SS influent (ppd)
sss	SS secondary (mg/l)
sssmax	SS daily counter
svi	sludge volume index
q	counter
qq	counter
r	counter
rain	daily rainfall (inches)
rainmax	maximum daily rainfall (inches)
rain _m	3/4 maximum daily rainfall (inches)
rain _{mx}	1/2 maximum daily rainfall (inches)
rain _{mxx}	1/4 maximum daily rainfall (inches)
recyc	recycle flow (mgd)
rr	counter
t	counter
table	graph matrix
time	time sludge processing operated (min)
tt	counter
ttble	graph matrix
u	counter
uu	counter
v	counter
volat	volatile solids-aeration tank
volsludge	volume sludge for ultimate disposal
vv	counter
w	counter
ww	counter
x	counter
xx	counter
y	counter
year	year being processed
yy	counter
z	counter
zz	counter

APPENDIX III: DTECTR PROGRAM LISTING

```

      program dtectr
      include 'common.for'

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   This program is designed to read in daily operating data from a
*   sewage treatment plant, print the data in tabular form for the month,
*   and compute various treatment performance parameters. These
*   calculations include percent removals, solids loadings, F/M
*   ratios, solids removal loadings and number of days certain design
*   limits were exceeded. The results are printed in 5 sections.
*
*   Section I: Tabulation of monthly operational data
*
*   Section II: Daily BOD, Suspended Solids Loading, and Percent Removal
*
*   Section III: Tabulation of Sludge Treatment Parameters
*
*   Section IV: Exceedance of Design or NPDES values
*
*   Section V: Graphical representations of important parameters
*
*   In addition, treatment plants are coded so that the program
*   only performs those calculations that apply to each plant.
*
*   I: Liquids load number
*
*   K: Solids load number
*
*   MOD: Method of Ultimate Disposal
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

      open (unit=1,file='date.dat',status='old')
      open (unit=2,file='dailies.dat',status='old')
      open (unit=3,file='BODSS.dat',status='old')
      open (unit=4,file='sludge.dat',status='old')
      open (unit=5,file='limits.dat',status='old')
      open (unit=6,file='averold.dat',status='old',access='append')
      open (unit=11,file='plantname.dat',status='old')
      open (unit=14,file='results.out',status='new')

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   The number of treatment plants being processed, the month,
*   the year, and the number of days in the month are now read.
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

      read(1,*) npp,mon,year,mdy

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   The following series of write and format statements prints
*   out an introductory output page.

```



```

*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
write(44,500)
write(44,505)
write(44,510)
write(44,515)
write(44,520)
write(44,525)
write(44,526)
write(44,527)
write(44,528)
write(44,530)
write(44,535)
write(44,540)
write(44,545)
write(44,550)
write(44,555)
write(44,560)
write(44,565)
write(44,570)
write(44,575)
write(44,580)
write(44,585)
write(44,590)
write(44,595)
write(44,600)
write(44,605)
write(44,610)
write(44,615)
write(44,620)

500  format(/t44,'DIAGNOSTIC TESTING OF EFFICIENCY')
505  format(t40,'BY COMPUTERIZATION OF TREATMENT REPORTS')
510  format(t55,'VERSION 2.0')
515  format(/t49,'Revised and Rewritten')
520  format(t59,'January 1983')
525  format(t38,'LORETTA M. RUIH, Graduate Research Assistant')
526  format(t32,'RICHARD R. WISSB, Assistant Professor of Civil
    . Engineering')
527  format(t44,'ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROGRAM')
528  format(t45,'Department of Civil Engineering')
530  format(t46,'University of Massachusetts')
535  format(t45,'Amherst, Massachusetts 01003')
540  format(t34,'This program was developed with financial
    . assistance')
545  format(t31,'from the Massachusetts Division of Water Pollution
    . Control'//T1,119('='))
550  format(/t35,'The DIRECT program has been developed to aid the')
555  format(t38,'Massachusetts Division of Water Pollution')
560  format(t33,'Control in monthly compliance checking of
    . municipal')
565  format(t45,'wastewater treatment plants.'//)
570  format(t30,'The output for each treatment plant consists of
    . 5 sections:')
575  format(t40,' I. Tabulation of Daily Operational Data')
580  format(t37,' II. Daily BOD, SS Loadings and Percent Removals')
585  format(t37,' III. Tabulation of Sludge Treatment Parameters')
590  format(t25,' IV. Comparison of Operating Performances with
    . Permit and Design Limits')
595  format(t31,' V. Graphic Representation of Permit and Design

```

```

. Parameters'//)
600 format(t3b,'Plants are coded in alphanumeric order. The')
605 format(t3e,'following list gives a code number with its')
610 format(t45,'corresponding treatment plant')
615 format(//t43,'PLANT NUMBER',t0b,'PLANT LOCATION')
620 format(t43,t2('-'),t0b,t4(('-')))

do l=1,nop
  read(11,625) codeplnt(1), nameplnt(1)
625 format(i8,a20)
  enddo

  print*, 'l=',l, 'nameplnt=',nameplnt(1)

  do ll=1,nop
    write(44,630) codeplnt(ll), nameplnt(ll)
630 format(t42,i8,t57,a20)
  enddo

** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
*
* The following loop now executes the program once for each STP
* being processed.
*
** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
  do num=1,nop
** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
*
* Subroutine rdform is now called to
* read this month's values.
*
** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
  call rdform

** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
*
* Subroutine SectI is now called to list daily parameters
* and calculate averages. In most cases, a zero will indicate
* when data was not collected.
*
** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
  call SectI

** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
*
* Subroutine SectII is now called to compute BOD, Suspended
* Solids values and their Percent Removals. They will be
* printed out in tabular form.
*
** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
  call SectII

** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **
*
* Subroutine SectIII lists the Sludge Treatment Data for
* for the particular process used. Combinations of processes

```

```

* that can be handled by this subroutine are:
*
*   . Thickening, Digestion & Mechanical Dewatering
*   . Digestion & Drying Beds
*   . Thickening & Mechanical Dewatering
*   . Digestion & Mechanical Dewatering
*   . Digestion
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
      Call SectIII
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Subroutine SectIV is now called. It will list the days
*   each WPD&S Permit requirement was not met. Design values
*   will be compared to actual values to indicate capacity
*   approach (90% design capacity).
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
      call SectIV
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Subroutine SectV is now called to print out graphs of
*   important parameters. This section provides a generalized
*   view. Numeric values can be found in Sections I, II, and III.
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
      call SectV
      enddo

      close (unit=1,status='save')
      close (unit=2,status='save')
      close (unit=3,status='save')
      close (unit=4,status='save')
      close (unit=5,status='save')
      close (unit=6,status='save')
      close (unit=11,status='save')
      close (unit=44,status='save')

      endo

      subroutine rdform
      include 'common.for'

      rewind 2
      rewind 3
      rewind 4
      rewind 5

      numprint=0

500  if(numprint .ne. num) then
      go to 505
      else
      go to 510

```

```

endif
505 read(2,*) numplnt,i,k,nod,nn,na
do j=1,nn
read(2,*) day(j),rain(j),flowin(j),flow(j),flowmax(j),
. recyc(j),doat(j),dof(j),amr(j),clr(j),mlset(j),coltot(j),
. colfec(j),phos(j),nit(j),setsol(j),Volat(j)
enddo
if (nn .ne. 1) then
read(3,*) numplnt,nnn
do l=1,nnn
read(3,*) bod(1),ssr(1),ssn(1),sss(1),ssat(1),
. sswt(1),bodr(1),bodp(1),bodc(1),bodawt(1)
enddo
endif
if (nn .ne. 1) then
read(4,*) numplnt,nmm
do m=1,nmm
read(4,*) day(m),flowtrick(m),iscnck(m),flowdigest(m),
. iscdigest(m),gas(m),time(m),ph(m),flowdewat(m),iscdewat(m),
. volsludge(m),percentsol(m)
enddo
endif
read(5,*) numplnt,bodflim,bodavelim,ssflim,ssavelim,
. prbodlim,prbodavelim,prsslim,prssavelim,pnoslim,phosavelim,
. ammlim,ammavelim,nitlim,nitavelim,designflow,flowavelim,
. designbod,desbodavelim,coltotlim,coltotavelim,colfeclim,
. colfecavelim,setsolim,setsolavelim
go to 500
510 continue
end
subroutine SectI
include 'common.for'
real a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,aa,bb,cc,dd,ee,ff,gg,hh,aaa,bbb,
. ccc,ooo,eee,fff,ggg,hhh,aza,byb,cxc,dwd,eve,
. svi(31),fm(31),o,p,fuf,oo,qq,an,apo
integer z,y,x,w,v,u,t,s,zz,yy,xx,ww,vv

```

```

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Subroutine sect1 lists all daily operational data in
*      tabular form. Averages are calculated and printed at the bottom
*      of each column.
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

      write(44,1500)
      write(44,1505)

1500   format('1'/t1,124('=')//t2,'SECTION 1 :')
1505   format(t42,'TABULATION OF DAILY OPERATIONAL DATA')

      if (i .eq. 1) then
      go to 1510
      elseif (i .eq. 2) then
      go to 1610
      elseif (i .eq. 3) then
      go to 1710
      elseif (i .eq. 4) then
      go to 1810
      else
      go to 1910
      endif

1510   write(44,1515) numprint
      write(44,1520)
      write(44,1525)
      write(44,1530)
      write(44,1535)
      write(44,1540)
      write(44,1545)
      write(44,1550)
      write(44,1555)

1515   format(t43,'PLANT NUMBER',14,' : PRIMARY TREATMENT')
1520   format(t5,112('-')/t22,'AVE',t30,'PEAK',t50,'CHLORINE',t63,
'TOTAL')
1525   format('+',t76,'FECAL',t100,'AMMONIA',t110,'NITRATE')
1530   format(t15,'DAY',t22,'FLOW',t30,'FLOW',t38,'RAINFALL',t50,
'RESIDUAL')
1535   format('+',t62,'COLIFORM',t75,'COLIFORM',t87,'PHOSPHORUS')
1540   format('+',t99,'NITROGEN',t110,'NITROGEN')
1545   format(t22,'(mgd)',t30,'(mgd)',t38,'(inches)',t51,'(mg/l)',
t62,'(/100 ml)')
1550   format('+',t75,'(/100 ml)',t89,'(mg/l)',t100,'(mg/l)')
1555   format('+',t111,'(mg/l)'/t5,112('-'))

      do m=1,mn
      a=a+flow(m)
      ap=ap+flowmax(m)
      b=b+rain(m)

      if(clr(m) .ne. 0) then
      c=c+clr(m)
      y=y+1
      endif

```

```
b=b+flow(m)

ap=ap+flowmax(m)

if(recyc(m) .ne. 0) then
c=c+recvc(m)
z=z+1
endif

if(doat(m) .ne. 0) then
a=a+doat(m)
y=y+1
endif

if(miset(m) .ne. 0) then
e=e+miset(m)
x=x+1
endif

if(miset(m) .ne. 0 .and. ssat(m) .ne. 0) then
svi(m)=miset(m)/ssat(m)
f=f+svi(m)
w=w+1
else
svi(m)=0.0
endif

if(ssat(m) .ne. 0) then
volat(m)=100.0
fm(m)=(flow(m)*bdp(m))/(ssat(m)*volat(m)*1000.0)
q=q+fm(m)
v=v+1
else
fm(m)=0.0
endif

if(clr(m) .ne. 0) then
h=h+clr(m)
u=u+1
endif

if(coltot(m) .ne. 0) then
aa=aa+coltot(m)
zz=zz+1
endif

if(colfec(m) .ne. 0) then
ob=ob+colfec(m)
yy=yy+1
endif

if(phos(m) .ne. 0) then
cc=cc+phos(m)
xx=xx+1
endif

if(amn(m) .ne. 0) then
dd=dd+amn(m)
ww=ww+1
endif
```

```

if(coltot(m) .ne. 0) then
a=a+coltot(m)
x=x+1
endif

if(colfec(m) .ne. 0) then
e=e+colfec(m)
w=w+1
endif

if(phos(m) .ne. 0) then
f=f+phos(m)
v=v+1
endif

if(amm(m) .ne. 0) then
q=q+amm(m)
u=u+1
endif

if(nit(m) .ne. 0) then
n=n+nit(m)
t=t+1
endif

o=o+setsol(m)

write(44,1560) day(m),flow(m),flowmax(m),rain(m),clr(m)
*write(44,1565) coltot(m),colfec(m),phos(m),amm(m),nit(m)
1560 format(t16,i2,t23,f4.2,t31,f4.2,t40,f4.2,t52,f4.2)
1565 format('+',t62,f7.1,t75,f7.1,t91,f3.1,t100,f5.1,t111,f5.2)

enddo

if (y .eq. 0) then
y=1
endif

if (x .eq. 0) then
x=1
endif

if (w .eq. 0) then
w=1
endif

if (v .eq. 0) then
v=1
endif

if (u .eq. 0) then
u=1
endif

if (t .eq. 0) then
t=1
endif

aa=a/mm

```

```

ppc=p/p
pp=h/h
cc=c/y
aa=d/x
ee=e/x
ff=t/v
gg=q/u
hh=h/t
oo=o/m

flowave=aa
coltotave=gg
colfecave=ee
phosave=ff
amave=gg
nitave=hh
setsolve=oo

write(44,1570)
write(44,1575) aa,pp,p,cc,aa
write(44,1580) ee,ff,gg,hh

1570 format(t5,112("-"))
1575 format(t16,"AVE.",t23,f4.2,t31,f4.2,t40,f4.2,t52,f4.2,t62,f7.1)
1580 format("+",t75,f7.1,t91,f3.1,t100,f5.1,t111,f5.2)

go to 2010

1610 write(44,1615) numplnt
1615 format(t43,"PLANT NUMBER",i4," : ACTIVATED SLUDGE"/)

1617 write(44,1620)
write(44,1625)
write(44,1630)
write(44,1635)
write(44,1640)
write(44,1645)
write(44,1650)
write(44,1655)
write(44,1660)
write(44,1665)
write(44,1670)

1620 format(t2,124("-")/t16,"AVE.",t24,"PEAK")
1625 format("+",t31,"RECYC",t40,"DO:",t64,"F/M",t71,"CHLORINE")
1630 format("+",t82,"TOTAL",t93,"FECAL",t110,"AMM",t118,"NO3")
1635 format(t2,"DAY",t6,"RAINFALL",t16,"FLOW",t24,"FLOW",t32,"FLOW")
1640 format("+",t37,"AER TANK",t48,"MLSS",t56,"SVI",t63,"RATIO")
1645 format("+",t71,"RESIDUAL",t81,"COLIFORM",t91,"COLIFORM")
1650 format("+",t102,"PHOS",t110,"NIT",t118,"NIT"/)
1655 format(t6,"(inches)",t16,"(mgd)",t23,"(mgd)",t31,"(mgd)",t38,
"(mg/l)")
1660 format("+",t47,"(ml/l)",t56,"(ml/d)",t62,"(/days)",t72,
"(mg/l)")
1665 format("+",t81,"(/100 ml)",t91,"(/100 ml)",t101,"(mg/l)")
1670 format("+",t109,"(mg/l)",t117,"(mg/l)/t1,124("-"))

do m=1,mn

a=a+rain(m)

```



```

if(nit(m) .ne. 0) then
ee=ee+nit(m)
vv=vv+1
endif

ff=ff+setsol(n)

write(44,1675) day(m),rain(f),flow(m),flowmax(-),recyc(m),
doat(m)
write(44,1680) mlset(m),svl(m),fm(m),clr(n)
write(44,1685) coltot(m),colfec(m),phos(n),ama(m),nit(n)
1675 format(t2,i2,t6,f4.2,t16,f4.2,t24,f4.2,t32,f4.2,t38,f6.1)
1680 format('+',t46,f8.1,t55,f5.2,t64,f4.2,t73,f4.2)
1685 format('+',t81,f7.1,t91,f7.1,t103,f3.1,t108,f5.1,t117,f5.2)

enddo

if(z .eq. 0) then
z=1
endif

if(y .eq. 0) then
y=1
endif

if(x .eq. 0) then
x=1
endif

if(w .eq. 0) then
w=1
endif

if(v .eq. 0) then
v=1
endif

if(u .eq. 0) then
u=1
endif

if(zz .eq. 0) then
zz=1
endif

if(vy .eq. 0) then
vy=1
endif

if(xx .eq. 0) then
xx=1
endif

if(xw .eq. 0) then
xw=1
endif

if(vv .eq. 0) then
vv=1

```

```

endit

aaa=a/mm
bbb=b/mm
app=ap/mm
ccc=c/z
ooo=o/y
eee=e/x
fff=f/w
ggg=g/v
hhh=h/u
aza=aa/zz
byb=tb/yy
cxc=cc/xx
dwd=dt/wx
eve=ee/vv
fuf=ff/mm

flowave=obb
coltotave=aza
colfecave=byb
phosave=cxc
ammave=td
nitave=eve
setsolave=fuf

write(44,1690)
write(44,1695) a,bbb,app,ccc,ooo
write(44,1700) eee,fff,ggg,hhh
write(44,1705) aza,byb,cxc,dwd,eve

1690 format(t2,124("-"))
1695 format(t2,"AVE.",t8,f4.2,t16,f4.2,t24,f4.2,t32,f4.2,t39,f6.2)
1700 format("+",t46,f8.2,t55,f5.2,t64,f4.2,t73,f4.2)
1705 format("+",t81,f7.1,t91,f7.1,t103,f3.1,t108,f5.1,t117,f5.2)

go to 2010

1710 write(44,1715) numplnt

1715 format(t43,"PLANT NUMBER",i4," : MODIFIED ACTIVATED SLUDGE "/)

go to 1617

1810 write(44,1815) numplnt
write(44,1820)
write(44,1825)
write(44,1830)
write(44,1835)
write(44,1840)
write(44,1845)
write(44,1850)
write(44,1855)
write(44,1860)
write(44,1863)

1815 format(t43,"PLANT NUMBER",i4," : TRICKLING FILTER"/)
1820 format(t2,124("-"))/t27,"AVE",t35,"PEAK",t42,"RECYC",t59,"
CHLORINE",t72,"TOTAL")
1825 format("+",t84,"FECAL",t109,"AMMONIA",t120,"NITRATE")
1830 format(t10,"DAY",t16,"RAINFALL",t27,"FLOW",t35,"FLOW",

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```

t42,"FOO")
1835 format("+",t52,"DO:",t59,"RESIDUAL",t71,"COLIFORM")
1840 format("+",t63,"COLIFORM",t95,"PHOSPHORUS")
1845 format("+",t109,"NITROGEN",t120,"NITROGEN")
1850 format(t16,"(inches)",t27,"(mgd)",t35,"(mgd)",t41,"(mgd)",
t50,"(mg/l)")
1855 format("+",t63,"(mg/l)",t71,"(/100 ml)",t83,"(/100 ml)")
1860 format("+",t97,"(mg/l)",t110,"(mg/l)",t121,"(mg/l)")
1863 format(t2,124("-"))

do m=1,mn
a=a+rain(m)

b=b+flow(m)

ap=ap+flowmax(m)

if(recyc(m) .ne. 0) then
c=c+recyc(m)
z=z+1
endif

if(sof(m) .ne. 0) then
d=d+sof(m)
y=y+1
endif

if(clr(m) .ne. 0) then
e=e+clr(m)
x=x+1
endif

if(coltot(m) .ne. 0) then
f=f+coltot(m)
w=w+1
endif

if(colfec(m) .ne. 0) then
g=g+colfec(m)
v=v+1
endif

if(phos(m) .ne. 0) then
h=h+phos(m)
u=u+1
endif

if(amm(m) .ne. 0) then
o=o+amm(m)
t=t+1
endif

if(nit(m) .ne. 0) then
p=p+nit(m)
s=s+1
endif

a=a+setsol(m)

write(44,1865) day(m),rain(m),flow(m),flowmax(m),recyc(m)

```

```

write(44,1670) colf(m),clr(m),coltot(m),colfec(m)
write(44,1675) phos(m),amm(r),nit(m)

1865 format(t10,i2,t18,f4.2,t27,f4.2,t35,f4.2,t42,f4.2)
1870 format('+',t50,f5.1,t61,f4.2,t71,f7.1,t83,f7.1)
1875 format('+',t99,f3.1,t110,f5.1,t121,f5.2)

      enddo

      if(z .eq. 0) then
        z=1
      endif

      if(y .eq. 0) then
        y=1
      endif

      if(x .eq. 0) then
        x=1
      endif

      if(w .eq. 0) then
        w=1
      endif

      if(v .eq. 0) then
        v=1
      endif

      if(u .eq. 0) then
        u=1
      endif

      if(t .eq. 0) then
        t=1
      endif

      if(s .eq. 0) then
        s=1
      endif

      aa=a/nr
      bb=b/nr
      abr=ar/mr
      cc=c/z
      dd=d/y
      ee=e/x
      ff=f/r
      gg=g/v
      hh=h/u
      oo=o/t
      pp=p/s
      qq=q/nr

      flowave=bb
      coltotave=ff
      colfecave=gg
      phosave=hh
      ammave=oo
      nitave=pp
      setsolave=qq

```

```

write(44,1880) s,bb,acp,cc
write(44,1885) dd,ee,ff,gg
write(44,1890) hh,oo,pp

1880 format(t7,124('-')/t18,f4.2,t27,f4.2,t35,f4.2,t42,f4.2)
1885 format('+',t50,f6.2,t61,f4.2,t71,f7.1,t83,f7.1)
1890 format('+',t99,f3.1,t110,f5.1,t121,f5.2)

go to 2010

1910 write(44,1915) numplnt
write(44,1920)
write(44,1925)
write(44,1930)
write(44,1935)
write(44,1940)
write(44,1945)
write(44,1950)
write(44,1955)
write(44,1960)
write(44,1965)
write(44,1970)

1915 format(t43,'PLANT NUMBER',i4,' : EXTENDED AERATION')
1920 format(t2,124('-')/t19,'AVE.',t26,'PEAK')
1925 format('+',t34,'OD:',t60,'F/M',t67,'CHLORINE',t78,'TOTAL')
1930 format('+',t89,'FECAL',t108,'AMM',t115,'ND3')
1935 format(t5,'DAY',t10,'RAINFALL',t19,'FLOW',t26,'FLOW',t32,
'AER TANK')
1940 format('+',t42,'LOSS',t51,'SVI',t59,'RATIO',t67,'RESIDUAL')
1945 format('+',t78,'COLIFORM',t86,'COLIFORM',t100,'PHOS')
1950 format('+',t106,'NIT',t115,'NIT')
1955 format(t10,'(inches)',t19,'(mgd)',t25,'(mgd)',t33,'(mg/l)',
t42,'(ml/l)')
1960 format('+',t50,'(ml/g)',t58,'(/days)',t68,'(mg/l)')
1965 format('+',t77,'(/100 ml)',t88,'(/100 ml)',t99,'(mg/l)')
1970 format('+',t107,'(mg/l)',t114,'(mg/l)'/t2,124('-'))

do m=1,mr

a=a+rain(m)

b=b+flow(m)

ap=ap+flow*max(m)

if(doat(m) .ne. 0) then
c=c+doat(m)
z=z+1
endif

if(mlset(m) .ne. 0) then
d=d+mlset(m)
y=y+1
endif

if(mlset(m) .ne. 0 .and. ssat(m) .ne. 0) then
svi(m)=mlset(m)/ssat(m)
e=e+svi(m)
x=x+1

```

```

else
svi(m)=0.0
endif

if(ssat(m) .ne. 0) then
volat(numoint)=100.0
fm(m)=(flow(m)*hodb(m))/(ssat(m)*volat(numoint)*1000.0)
r=i+fm(m)
w=w+1
else
fm(m)=0.0
endif

if(clr(m) .ne. 0) then
q=q+clr(m)
v=v+1
endif

if(coltot(m) .ne. 0) then
h=h+coltot(m)
u=u+1
endif

if(colfec(m) .ne. 0) then
aa=aa+colfec(m)
zz=zz+1
endif

if(phos(m) .ne. 0) then
po=po+phos(m)
yy=yy+1
endif

if(amm(m) .ne. 0) then
cc=cc+amm(m)
xx=xx+1
endif

if(nit(m) .ne. 0) then
od=od+nit(m)
ww=ww+1
endif

ee=ee+setsol(m)

write(44,1975) day(m),rain(m),flow(m),flowmax(m),soat(m),
. riset(m)
write(44,1980) svi(m),fm(m),clr(m),coltot(m)
write(44,1985) colfec(m),phos(m),amm(m),nit(m)

1975 format(t5,i2,t12,f4.2,t19,f4.2,t26,f4.2,t31,f6.1,t41,f8.1)
1980 format('+',t50,f5.2,t60,f4.2,t69,f4.2,t77,f7.1)
1985 format('+',t88,f7.1,t100,t3.1,t106,f5.1,t114,f5.2)

enddo

if(z .eq. 0) then
z=1
endif

if(y .eq. 0) then

```

```
v=1
endif

if(x .eq. 0) then
x=1
endif

if(w .eq. 0) then
w=1
endif

if(v .eq. 0) then
v=1
endif

if(u .eq. 0) then
u=1
endif

if(zz .eq. 0) then
zz=1
endif

if(yy .eq. 0) then
yy=1
endif

if(xx .eq. 0) then
xx=1
endif

if(ww .eq. 0) then
ww=1
endif

aaa=a/mn
bbb=b/mn
app=ap/mn
ccc=c/z
ooo=o/y
eee=e/x
fff=f/w
qqq=q/v
hhh=h/u
az@=aa/zz
pyb=bb/yy
cxc=cc/xx
awd=dd/ww
eve=ee/mm

flowave=obp
coltotave=nhh
colfecave=aza
ohosave=byb
atmave=cxc
nitave=dwd
setsolave=eve

write(44,1990)
write(44,1995) a,bbb,app,ccc,ooo
write(44,2000) .eee,fff,qqq,hhh
```

```

write(44,2005) aza,bvt,cxc,rwd

1990 format(t2,124('-'))
1995 format(t5,'AVE',t12,f4.2,t14,f4.2,t26,f4.2,t31,f6.2,t41,f8.2)
2000 format('+',t50,t5.2,t60,f4.2,t64,t4.2,t77,f7.1)
2005 format('+',t88,f7.1,t100,f3.1,t106,f5.1,t114,f5.2)

2010 end

subroutine SectII

include 'common.for'

real bodrlo(31),bodflb(31),ssrlo(31),ssflb(31),
. a,b,c,d,e,f,r,s,t,u,aa,bb,cc,dd,
. ee,ff,rr,ss,tt,uu

integer n

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Subroutine SectII lists the BOD, Suspended Solids and Percent
*   Removals for each day samples were taken. Results are printed out
*   in tabular form.
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write(44,3500)
write(44,3505)
write(44,3510)
write(44,3515)
write(44,3520)
write(44,3525)
write(44,3530)
write(44,3535)
write(44,3540)
write(44,3545)
write(44,3550)

3500 format ('1'/t1,116('=')//t2,'SECTION II: '//)
3505 format (t39,'DAILY BOD, SS LOADINGS, AND PERCENT REMOVALS')
3510 format (t5,110('-')/t16,'DAILY BOD',t38,'DAILY SS')
3515 format ('+',t59,'BOD LOADING',t82,'SS LOADING')
3520 format (t6,'DAY',t96,'PERCENT REMOVALS')
3525 format (t18,'(mg/l)',t40,'(mg/l)',t62,'(PPD)',t84,'(PPD)')
3530 format (t5,110('-'))
3535 format (t11,'Influent',t22,'Effluent',t33,'Influent')
3540 format ('+',t44,'Effluent',t55,'Influent',t66,'Effluent')
3545 format ('+',t77,'Influent',t88,'Effluent',t100,'BOD',t109,'SS')
3550 format (t5,110('-'))

do m=1,nnn

if (bods(m) .eq. 0) then
bodf(m)=bodo(m)
ssf(m)=ssp(m)
else if (bodawt(m) .eq. 0) then
bodf(m)=bods(m)
ssf(m)= sss(m)
else

```



```

    bodf(m)=bodawt(m)
    ssf(m)=ssawt(m)
    end if

    q=bod(m)

    bodrlb(m)=(flow(a)*bodr(m))*8.34
    bodflb(m)=(flow(r)*bodf(m))*8.34
    ssrlb(m)=(flow(q)*ssr(m))*8.34
    ssflb(m)=(flow(q)*ssf(m))*8.34

    if(bodr(m).eq.0) then
        prbod(m)=0
        prss(m)=0
    else
        prbod(m)=(bodr(m)-bodf(m))/bodr(m)
        prss(m)=(ssr(m)-ssf(m))/ssr(m)
    endif

    a=a+bodr(m)
    b=b+bodf(m)
    c=c+ssr(m)
    d=d+ssf(m)
    e=e+prbod(m)
    f=f+prss(m)
    r=r+bodr(m)
    s=s+bodf(m)
    t=t+ssr(m)
    u=u+ssf(m)

    write(44,3555) q,bodr(m),bodf(m),ssr(m),ssf(m),bodrlb(m),bodflb(m),
    . ssrlb(m),ssflb(m),prbod(m),prss(m)
3555   format (t7,i2,t12,f7.2,t23,f7.2,t34,f7.2,t45,f7.2,t55,f8.2,
    . t66,f9.2,t77,f8.2,t88,f8.2,t100,f3.2,t108,f3.2)

    enddo

    aa=a/nnn
    bb=b/nnn
    cc=c/nnn
    dd=d/nnn
    ee=e/nnn
    ff=f/nnn
    rr=r/nnn
    ss=s/nnn
    tt=t/nnn
    uu=u/nnn

    prbodave=ee
    prssave=ff

    bodave(mon)=ss
    ssave(mon)=uu

3559   write(6,3559) bodave(mon),ssave(mon)
    format(2f8.2)

3560   write(44,3560)
    format(t5,110(' '))

    write(44,3565) rr,ss,tt,uu,aa,bb,cc,dd,ee,ff

```

```

3585  format (t4,'AVI.',t12,f7.2,t23,f7.2,t34,f7.2,t45,f7.2,
      . t55,f8.2,t66,f8.2,t77,f8.2,t88,f8.2,t100,f3.2,t108,f3.2)

      end

      Subroutine SectIII

      include 'common.for'

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Subroutine SectIII lists sludge data for the plant on
*      days sludge was processed.
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

      write(44,8000)
      write(44,8005)

8000  format('1',t2,i18('=')//t2,'SECTION III: '//)
8005  format(t35,'TABULATION OF SLUDGE TREATMENT PARAMETERS')

      if(k .eq. 0) then
      go to 8100
      elseif(k .eq. 1) then
      go to 8200
      elseif(k .eq. 2) then
      go to 8305
      elseif(k .eq. 3) then
      go to 8400
      elseif(k .eq. 4) then
      go to 8500
      else
      go to 8600
      endif

8100  go to 8800

8200  write(44,8205)
      write(44,8210)
      write(44,8215)
      write(44,8220)
      write(44,8225)
      write(44,8230)
      write(44,8235)
      write(44,8240)
      write(44,8245)
      write(44,8250)
      write(44,8255)
      write(44,8260)

8205  format(t33,'METHOD: Thickening, Digestion, & Mechanical
      Dewatering')
8210  format(t2,i18('-')//t9,'FLOW ID',t18,'INFL PERCENT')
8215  format('+',t32,'FLOW TO',t41,'INFL PERCENT',t56,'GAS')
8220  format('+',t62,'DET',t73,'FLOW ID',t83,'INFL PERCENT')
8225  format('+',t97,'VOL SLUDGE',t111,'% SOLIDS')
8230  format(t2,'DAY',t8,'THICKENER',t21,'SOLIDS',t32,'DIGESTER')
8235  format('+',t44,'SOLIDS',t55,'PROD.',t62,'TIME',t68,'PH')
8240  format('+',t72,'DEWATERING',t86,'SOLIDS',t98,'PRODUCED')

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8245 format('+',t109,'FINAL SLUDGE'/)
8250 format(t7,'(1000 gal)',t21,'(mg/l)',t31,'(1000 gal)')
8255 format('+',t44,'(mg/l)',t54,'(ft-3)',t61,'(min)')
8260 format('+',t72,'(1000 gal)',t85,'(mg/l)',t99,'(yo-3)'/
      t2,118('-'))

do n=1,nmm

a=a+flowthick(m)
b=b+iscthick(m)
c=c+flowdigest(m)
d=d+iscdigest(m)
e=e+gas(m)
f=f+time(m)
g=g+ph(m)
h=h+flowdewat(m)
o=o+iscdewat(m)
p=p+volsludge(m)
q=q+percentsol(m)

write(44,8265) ggy(m),flowthick(m),iscthick(m)
write(44,8270) flowdigest(m),iscdigest(m),gas(m)
write(44,8275) time(m),ph(m),flowdewat(m)
write(44,8280) iscdewat(m),volsludge(m),percentsol(m)

8265 format(t3,i2,t10,f6.3,t21,f6.1)
8270 format('+',t33,f6.3,t44,f6.1,t52,f7.1)
8275 format('+',t62,i3,t68,f3.1,t76,f6.3)
8280 format('+',t86,f6.1,t97,f7.1,t113,f4.1)

enddo

aa=a/nmm
ob=b/nmm
cc=c/nmm
dd=d/nmm
ee=e/nmm
ff=f/nmm
gg=g/nmm
hh=h/nmm
oo=o/nmm
pp=p/nmm
qq=q/nmm

write(44,8285)
write(44,8290) aa,ob,cc
write(44,8295) dd,ee,ff,gg
write(44,8300) hh,oo,pp,qq

8285 format(t2,118('-'))
8290 format(t2,'AVE.',t10,f6.3,t21,f6.1,t33,f6.3)
8295 format('+',t44,f6.1,t52,f7.1,t62,f3.0,t68,f3.1)
8300 format('+',t76,f6.3,t86,f6.1,t97,f7.1,t113,f4.1/)

do to 8700

8305 write(44,8310)
write(44,8315)
write(44,8320)
write(44,8325)
write(44,8330)

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```

write(44,8335)
*write(44,8340)
write(44,8345)
write(44,8350)
write(44,8355)

8310 format(t45,"METHOD: Digestion & Bed Drving"/)
8315 format(t2,118("-")/t21,"FLOW TO",t32,"INFL. PERCENT")
8320 format("+",t51,"GAS",t61,"RETENTION",t76,"FLOW TO")
8325 format("+",t87,"VOL. SLUDGE",t102,"% SOLIDS")
8330 format(t13,"DAY",t20,"DIGESTER",t36,"SOLIDS")
8335 format("+",t49,"PRODUCED",t63,"TIME",t76,"BED")
8340 format("+",t68,"PRODUCED",t103,"SLUDGE"/)
8345 format(t19,"(1000 gal)",t35,"(mg/l)",t51,"(ft-3)")
8350 format("+",t63,"(min)",t75,"(1000 gal)",t89,"(yd-3)")
8355 format(t2,118("-"))

do n=1,nmm

a=a+ddy(n)
b=b+flowdigest(n)
c=c+iscdigest(n)
d=d+gas(n)
e=e+time(n)
f=f+flowdewat(n)
g=g+volsludge(n)
h=h+percentsol(n)

write(44,8360) ddy(n),flowdigest(n),iscdigest(n)
write(44,8365) gas(n),time(n),flowdewat(n)
write(44,8370) volsludge(n),percentsol(n)

8360 format(t14,12,t21,f6.3,t35,f6.1)
8365 format("+",t50,f6.1,t64,i3,t77,f6.3)
8370 iormat("+",t88,f7.1,t104,f4.1)

enddo

aa=a/nmm
bb=b/nmm
cc=c/nmm
dd=d/nmm
ee=e/nmm
ff=f/nmm
gg=g/nmm
hh=h/nmm

write(44,8375)
write(44,8380) bb,cc
write(44,8385) dd,ee,ff
write(44,8390) gg,hh

8375 format(t2,118("-"))
8380 format(t13,"AVE.",t21,f6.3,t35,f6.1)
8385 format("+",t50,f6.1,t64,f3.0,t77,f6.3)
8390 format("+",t88,f7.1,t104,f4.1)

do to 8700

8400 write(44,8405)
write(44,8410)

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```

write(44,8415)
write(44,8420)
write(44,8425)
write(44,8430)
write(44,8435)
write(44,8440)
write(44,8445)
write(44,8450)

8405 format(t39,'METHOD: Thickening & mechanical Dewatering')
8410 format(t2,118('-'))/t20,'FLOW TO',t33,'INFL. PERCENT')
8415 format('+',t53,'FLOW TO',t70,'INFL. PERCENT')
8420 format('+',t57,'VOL. SLUDGE',t102,'% SOLIDS')
8425 format(t11,'DAY',t19,'THICKENER',t37,'SOLIDS')
8430 format('+',t50,'PH',t57,'DEWATERING',t74,'SOLIDS')
8435 format('+',t88,'PRODUCED',t103,'SLUDGE')
8440 format(t16,'(1000 gal)',t36,'(mg/l)',t57,'(1000 gal)')
8445 format('+',t72,'(mg/l)',t89,'(yd-3)')
8450 format(t2,118('-'))

do m=1,nmm

a=a+flowtnick(m)
b=b+isctnick(m)
c=c+ph(m)
d=d+flowdewat(m)
e=e+iscdewat(m)
f=f+volsludge(m)
q=q+percentsol(m)

write(44,8455) ddy(m),flowtnick(m),isctnick(m)
write(44,8460) pn(m),flowdewat(m),iscdewat(m)
write(44,8465) volsludge(m),percentsol(m)

8455 format(t12,12,t21,f6.3,t36,f6.1)
8460 format('+',t50,f3.1,t59,f6.3,t72,f6.1)
8465 format('+',t88,f7.1,t104,f4.1)

enddo

aa=a/nmm
bb=b/nmm
cc=c/nmm
dd=d/nmm
ee=e/nmm
ff=f/nmm
gg=q/nmm

write(44,8470)
write(44,8475) aa,bb
write(44,8480) cc,dd,ee
write(44,8485) ff,gg

8470 format(t2,118('-'))
8475 format(t11,'AVG.',t21,f6.3,t36,f6.1)
8480 format('+',t50,f3.1,t59,f6.3,t72,f6.1)
8485 format('+',t88,f7.1,t104,f4.1)

go to 8700

8500 write(44,8505)

```

```

write(44,8510)
write(44,8515)
write(44,8520)
write(44,8525)
write(44,8530)
write(44,8535)
write(44,8540)
write(44,8540)
write(44,8545)
write(44,8550)
write(44,8555)

8505 format(t40,'METHOD: Digestion & Mechanical Dewatering')
8510 format(t2,118('-')/t9,'FLOW TO',t20,'INFL. PERCENT')
8515 format('+',t39,'GAS',t47,'DEFENTION',t67,'FLOW TO')
8520 format('+',t80,'INFL. PERCENT',t94,'VOL. SLUDGE',t107,
' % SOLIDS')
8525 format(t2,'DAY',t8,'DIGESTION',t24,'SOLIDS')
8530 format('+',t36,'PRODUCED',t49,'TIME',t59,'PH')
8535 format('+',t65,'DEWATERING',t82,'SOLIDS')
8540 format('+',t95,'PRODUCED',t108,'SLUDGE')
8545 format(t7,'(1000 gal)',t23,'(mg/l)',t38,'(ft-3)')
8550 format('+',t49,'(min)',t66,'(1000 gal)')
8555 format('+',t80,'(mg/l)',t90,'(yd-3)'/t2,118('-'))

do m=1,nmm

a=a+ddy(m)
b=b+flowdigest(m)
c=c+iscdigest(m)
d=d+gas(m)
e=e+time(m)
f=f+ph(m)
g=g+flowdewat(m)
h=h+iscdewat(m)
o=o+volsludge(m)
p=p+percentsol(m)

write(44,8560) ddy(m),flowdigest(m),iscdigest(m)
write(44,8565) gas(m),time(m),ph(m)
write(44,8570) flowdewat(m),iscdewat(m)
write(44,8575) volsludge(m),percentsol(m)

8560 format(t3,i2,t8,f6.3,t23,f6.1)
8565 format('+',t37,f7.1,t50,i3,t59,f3.1)
8570 format('+',t68,f6.3,t80,f6.1)
8575 format('+',t95,f7.1,t109,f4.1)

enddo

aa=a/nmm
bb=b/nmm
cc=c/nmm
dd=d/nmm
ee=e/nmm
ff=f/nmm
gg=g/nmm
hh=h/nmm
oo=o/nmm
pp=p/nmm

```

```

write(44,8540) dd,cc
write(44,8545) dd,ee,ff
write(44,8590) dd,nn
write(44,8595) dd,oo

8580 format(t2,118('-')/t2,'AVE.',t9,f6.3,t23,f6.1)
8585 format('+',t37,f7.1,t50,f3.0,t59,f3.1)
8590 format('+',t64,f6.3,t80,f6.1)
8595 format('+',t95,f7.1,t109,f4.1)

go to 8700

8600 write(44,8605)
write(44,8610)
write(44,8615)
write(44,8620)
write(44,8625)
write(44,8630)
write(44,8635)
write(44,8640)

8605 format(t52,'METHOD: Digestion'//t2,118('-'))
8610 format(t22,'FLOW TO',t31,'INFL. PERCENT',t51,'GAS')
8615 format('+',t61,'RETENTION',t80,'VOL. SLUDGE',t95,'% SOLIDS')
8620 format(t14,'DAY',t21,'DIGESTOR',t36,'SOLIDS')
8625 format('+',t49,'PRODUCED',t63,'TIME',t74,'PH')
8630 format('+',t81,'PRODUCED',t96,'SLUDGE')
8635 format(t21,'(100 gal)',t34,'(m3/l)',t50,'(ft-3)')
8640 format('+',t63,'(min)',t82,'(yd-3)'/t2,118('-'))

do m=1,nmm

a=a+dy(m)
b=b+flowdigest(m)
c=c+iscdigest(m)
d=d+gas(m)
e=e+time(m)
f=f+ph(m)
g=g+volsludge(m)
h=h+percentsol(m)

write(44,8645) dy(m),flowdigest(m),iscdigest(m)
write(44,8650) gas(m),time(m),ph(m)
write(44,8655) volsludge(m),percentsol(m)

8645 format(t15,i2,t23,f6.3,t34,f6.1)
8650 format('+',t49,f7.1,t64,i3,t74,f3.1)
8655 format('+',t81,f7.1,t97,f4.1)

enddo

aa=a/nmm
bb=b/nmm
cc=c/nmm
dd=d/nmm
ee=e/nmm
ff=f/nmm
gg=g/nmm
hh=h/nmm

write(44,8660) bb,cc

```

```

write(44,8665) m3,ee,ff
write(44,8670) m7,nh

8660 format(t2,118('-')/t14,'AVE.',t23,f6.3,t34,f6.1)
8665 format('+',t49,f7.1,t64,f3.0,t74,f3.1)
8670 format('+',t81,f7.1,t97,f4.1)

go to 8700

8700 if(mod .eq. 1) then
write(44,8705)
8705 format(//t15,'METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Incineration')
elseif(mod .eq. 2) then
write(44,8710)
8710 format(//t15,'METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Landfill')
elseif(mod .eq. 3) then
write(44,8715)
8715 format(//t15,'METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Land Application')
elseif(mod .eq. 4) then
write(44,8720)
8720 format(//t15,'METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Reclamation')
elseif(mod .eq. 5) then
write(44,8725)
8725 format(//t15,'METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Reuse')
elseif(mod .eq. 6) then
write(44,8730)
8730 format(//t15,'METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Ocean Disposal')
else
write(44,8735)
8735 format(//t15,'METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Barges to Sea')
endif

go to 8800

8800 end

4000 Subroutine SectIV
include 'common.for'

integer x

real bodomax,sssmax,a

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Subroutine SectIV lists the days each NPDES Permit require-
*      ment is not met. Design values will be compared to actual
*      values to indicate capacity approach (90% design capacity).
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4004)
write (44,4005)
write (44,4010)
write (44,4015)
write (44,4020)
write (44,4025)
write (44,4030)
write (44,4035)

```



```

write (44,4040)
write (44,4045)
write (44,4050)
write (44,4055)

4004 format ('1'/t1,116('=')//t2,'SECTION IV : '//)
4005 format (t12,'COMPARISON OF OPERATING PERFORMANCES')
4010 format (t45,'WITH PERMIT AND DESIGN LIMITS//')
4015 format (t1,116('-'))
4020 format (///,t20,74('-'))
4025 format (t20,':',t47,':',t61,':',t72,':',t93,':')
4030 format (t20,':',t47,':',t61,'MAXIMUM',t61,':')
4035 format ('+',t64,'PERMIT',t72,':',t75,'NO. TIMES PERMIT',
t93,':')
4040 format (t20,':',t47,':',t52,'VALUE',t61,':')
4045 format ('+',t65,'LEVEL',t72,':',t78,'EXCEEDED',t93,':')
4050 format (t20,':',t47,':',t61,':',t72,':',t93,':')
4055 format (t20,74('-'))

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Daily BOD (mg/l)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

boddmax=bodf(1)
j=0

do m=1,mn
if(bodf(m) .gt. bodf(m-1)) then
boddmax=bodf(m)
endif
if(bodf(m) .gt. bodflim) then
j=j+1
endif
enddo

if(bodflim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4060) boddmax,bodflim,j
write(44,4065)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4060 format(t20,':',t28,'Daily BOD',t47,':',t51,f5.2,t61,':',t64,
.f5.2,t72,':',t81,12,t93,':')
4065 format(t20,':',t30,'(mg/l)',t47,':',t61,':',t72,':',t93,':')

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Monthly BOD (mg/l)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

```



```

if(phosave .gt. phosavelim) then
j=1
endif

if(phosavelim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4150) phosave,phosavelim,j
write(44,4155)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4150 format(t20,":",t22,"Monthly Effl. Phosphorus",t47,":",t51,
. f5.2,t61,":",t64,f5.2,t72,":",t81,12,t93,":")
4155 format(t20,":",t30,"(mg/l)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Daily Ammonia Removal (mg/l)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

a=amm(1)
j=0

do m=1,amm
if(amm(m) .gt. amm(n-1)) then
a=amm(m)
endif
if(amm(m) .gt. ammlim) then
j=j+1
endif
enddo

if(ammlim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4160) a,ammlim,j
write(44,4165)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4160 format(t20,":",t24,"Daily Effl. Ammonia",t47,":",t51,f5.2,
. t61,":",t64,f5.2,t72,":",t81,12,t93,":")
4165 format(t20,":",t30,"(mg/l)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Monthly Ammonia Removal (mg/l)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

j=0

if(ammave .gt. ammavelim) then

```

```

j=1
endif

if(annavelim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4170) annave,annavelim,j
write(44,4175)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4170 format(t20,":",t24,"Monthly Effl. Ammonia",t47,":",t51,
.f5.2,t61,":",t64,f5.2,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4175 format(t20,":",t30,"(mg/l)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Daily Nitrate Removal (mg/l)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

a=nit(1)
j=0

do m=1,mm
if(nit(m) .gt. nit(m-1)) then
a=nit(m)
endif
if(nit(m) .gt. nitlim) then
j=j+1
endif
enddo

if(nitlim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4180) a,nitlim,j
write(44,4185)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4180 format(t20,":",t23,"Daily Effl. Nitrate",t47,":",t51,f5.2,
.t61,":",t64,f5.2,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4185 format(t20,":",t30,"(mg/l)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Monthly Nitrate Removal (mg/l)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

j=0

if(nitave .gt. nitavelim) then
j=1

```

```

endif

if(nitave1# .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4190) nitave,nitave1#,j
write(44,4195)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4190 format(t20,":",t25,"Monthly Effl. Nitrate",t47,":",t51,
.f5.2,t61,":",t64,f5.2,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4195 format(t20,":",t30,"(mg/l)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Daily Average Flow
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

a=flow(1)
j=0

do m=1,m#
if(flow*(m) .gt. flow*(m-1)) then
a=flow*(m)
endif
endif
if(flow*(m) .gt. .80*designflow) then
j=j+1
endif
enddo

if(designflow .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4200) a,designflow,j
write(44,4205)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4200 format(t20,":",t27,"Daily Flow",t47,":",t51,f5.2,t61,":",t64,
.f5.2,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4205 format(t20,":",t30,"(mgd)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Monthly average flow (mgd)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

j=0

if(flowave .gt. .30*flowave1#) then
j=1
endif

```



```

        if(flowavelim .eq. 0) then
            j=0
        endif

        write(44,4210) flowave,flowavelim,j
        write(44,4215)
        write(44,4050)
        write(44,4055)

4210    format(t20,":",t25,"Monthly Design Flow",t47,":",t51,
        .fb.2,t61,":",t64,f5.2,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4215    format(t20,":",t30,"(mgd)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Daily Total Coliforms ( /100 ml)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

        write (44,4050)

        a=coltot(1)
        j=0

        do m=1,nm
            if(coltot(m) .gt. coltot(m-1)) then
                a=coltot(m)
            endif
            if(coltot(m) .gt. coltotlim) then
                j=j+1
            endif
        enddo

        if(coltotlim .eq. 0) then
            j=0
        endif

        write(44,4220) a,coltotlim,j
        write(44,4225)
        write(44,4050)
        write(44,4055)

4220    format(t20,":",t23,"Daily Total Coliform",t47,":",t50,f7.1,
        .tbl,":",t63,f7.1,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4225    format(t20,":",t29,"(/100 ml)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Monthly Total Coliforms ( /100ml)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

        write (44,4050)

        j=0

        if(coltotave .gt. coltotavelim) then
            j=1
        endif

```

```

        if(coltotavelim .eq. 0) then
            j=0
        endif

        write(44,4230) coltotave,coltotavelim,j
        write(44,4235)
        *write(44,4050)
        write(44,4055)

4230   format(t20,":",t22,"Monthly total Coliform",t47,":",t50,
        . f7.1,t61,":",t63,f7.1,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4235   format(t20,":",t29,"(/100 ml)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Daily Fecal Coliforms ( /100 ml)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

        write (44,4050)

        a=colfec(1)
        j=0

        do n=1,m
            if(colfec(n) .gt. colfec(n-1)) then
                a=colfec(n)
            endif
            if(colfec(n) .gt. colfeclim) then
                j=j+1
            endif
        enddo

        if(colfeclim .eq. 0) then
            j=0
        endif

        write(44,4240) a,colfeclim,j
        write(44,4245)
        *write(44,4050)
        write(44,4055)

4240   format(t20,":",t23,"Daily Fecal Coliform",t47,":",t50,f7.1,
        t61,":",t63,f7.1,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4245   format(t20,":",t30,"(/100 ml)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*   Monthly Fecal Coliforms ( /100 ml)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

        write (44,4050)

        j=0

        if(colfecave .gt. colfecavelim) then
            j=1
        endif

        if(colfecavelim .eq. 0) then

```

```

j=0
endif

*write(44,4250) colfecave,colfecavelim,j
*write(44,4255)
*write(44,4050)
*write(44,4055)

4250 format(t20,":",t22,"Monthly Fecal Coliform",t47,":",t50,
. f7.1,t61,":",t63,f7.1,t72,":",t81,12,t93,":")
4255 format(t20,":",t29,"(/100 ml)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Daily Settleable Solids (ml/l)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

a= setsol(1)
j=0

do n=1,mm
if(setsol(n) .gt. setsol(n-1)) then
a=setsol(n)
endif
if(setsol(n) .gt. setsollim) then
j=j+1
endif
enddo

if(setsollim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4260) a,setsollim,j
write(44,4265)
*write(44,4050)
*write(44,4055)

4260 format(t20,":",t22,"Daily Settleable Solids",t47,":",t51,
. f5.3,t61,":",t64,f5.3,t72,":",t81,12,t93,":")
4265 format(t20,":",t30,"(ml/l)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Monthly Settleable Solids (ml/l)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

j=0

if(setsolave .gt. setsolavelim) then
j=1
endif

if(setsolavelim .eq. 0) then
j=0

```

```

endif

write(44,4270) setsolave,setsolavelim,j
write(44,4275)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4270 format(t20,":",t22,"Monthly Settleable Solids",t47,":",t51,
. f5.3,t61,":",t64,f5.3,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4275 format(t20,":",t30,"(ml/l)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Daily Other Parameter I (units)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write(44,1050)

a= otherI(1)
j=0

do m=1,mn
if(otherI(m) .gt. otherI(m-1)) then
a=otherI(m)
endif
if(otherI(m) .gt. otherIlim) then
j=j+1
endif
enddo

if(otherIlim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4280) a,otherIlim,j
write(44,4285)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4280 format(t20,":",t23,"Other Parameter I",t47,":",t51,
. f5.3,t61,":",t64,t5.3,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4285 format(t20,":",t30,"(units)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Monthly Other Parameter II (units)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

j=0

if(otherIave .gt. otherIlevelim) then
j=1
endif

if(otherIlim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

```

```

write(44,4240) otherlave,otherlavelim,j
write(44,4245)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4290  format(t20,":",t22,"Monthly Other Parameter I",t47,":",t51,
. f5.3,t61,":",t64,f5.3,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4295  format(t20,":",t30,"(units)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*  Daily Other Parameter II (units)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

a= otherII(1)
j=0

do m=1,mim
if(otherII(m) .gt. otherII(m-1)) then
a=otherII(m)
endif
if(otherII(m) .gt. otherIIlim) then
j=j+1
endif
enddo

if(otherIIlim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

write(44,4300) a,otherIIlim,j
write(44,4305)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4300  format(t20,":",t23,"Other Parameter II",t47,":",t51,
. f5.3,t61,":",t64,f5.3,t72,":",t81,i2,t93,":")
4305  format(t20,":",t30,"(units)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*  Monthly Other Parameter II (units)
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write (44,4050)

j=0

if(otherIIlave .gt. otherIIlavelim) then
j=1
endif

if(otherIIlim .eq. 0) then
j=0
endif

```

```

write(44,4310) otherllave,otherllavelin,j
write(44,4315)
write(44,4050)
write(44,4055)

4310  format(t20,":",t22,"Monthly Other Parameter II",t47,":",t51,
. fb.3,t61,":",t64,fb.3,t72,":",t81,t2,t93,":")
4315  rormat(t20,":",t30,"(units)",t47,":",t61,":",t72,":",t93,":")

end

Subroutine SectV
include "common.for"

real bodfmax,ssfmax,bodavemax,ssavemax

integer a,jcount,ixe,jxe,mxe,iloop

character*1 table(20,70),incr(71),date(71),ttble(20,70),
. draph(20,70),dash(71),dates(71),plotI(20,40),plotII(20,40),
. mark(41),montn(41)

**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **
*
*      Subroutine SectV prints out graphs of important parameters
*      vs. days of the month. This section simply provides a means
*      of monthly comparison or trend search aid. Actual values
*      can be found in Sections I, II, III, and IV.
*
**      **      **      **      **      **      **      **      **

write(44,5000)
write(44,5005)
write(44,5010)

5000  format('1'/t1,116('=')//t2,"SECTION V :")
5005  format(t34,"GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION OF NPDES & DESIGN
. PARAMETERS")
5010  format(t1,114('-')//)

bodfmax=bodf(1)
ssfmax=ssf(1)

do m=1,nnn-1

if(bodf(m+1) .gt. bodfmax) then
bodfmax=bodf(m+1)
endif

if(ssf(m+1) .gt. ssfmax) then
ssfmax=ssf(m+1)
endif

enddo

if(bodfmax .lt. bodflim) then
bodfmax=bodflim
endif

if(ssfmax .lt. ssflim) then

```

```

      ssfmax=ssflim
      endif

      podfmx=podfmax*15/20
      podfmxX=1.03fmax*10/20
      podfmxXX=podfmax*5/20

      ssfnx=ssfmax*15/20
      ssfnXX=ssfmax*10/20
      ssfnXXX=ssfmax*5/20

      do 5020 i=1,20
      do 5018 j=1,70

      table(i,j) = ' '

5015      continue
5020      continue

      do 5023 k=1,20
      do 5021 l=1,70

      ttable(k,l) = ' '

5021      continue
5023      continue

      do l=1,70
      incr(l) = ' '
      date(l) = ' '

      enddo

      if(podflim .ne. 0) then
      il=20*podflim/podfmax
      do ik=1,70
      table(il,ik) = ' '
      enddo
      endif

      if(ssflim .ne. 0) then
      ij=20*ssflim/ssfmax
      do im=1,70
      ttable(ij,im) = ' '
      enddo
      endif

      do m=1,2
      write(44,5024)
5024      format(t30,'!')
      enddo

      do 5028 m=1,nnn

      q=god(m)

      i=20*podf(m)/podfmax

      j=70*q/mu

      k=20*ssf(m)/ssfmax

```

```

l=70*q/m

if (i .eq. 0) then
go to 502b
endif

table(i,j) = '*'

502a continue

if(k .eq. 0) then
go to 502c
endif

table(k,l) = '*'

502b continue

do l=1,70

if(date(l) .ne. ' ') then
go to 5029
endif

ll=l-1

if(date(ll) .ne. ' ') then
go to 5029
endif

a=l*m/70

if(a .eq. 5) then
incr(l)='!'
date(l)='5'
endif

if(a .eq. 10) then
incr(l)='!'
date(l)='1'
date(l+1)='0'
endif

if(a .eq. 15) then
incr(l)='!'
date(l)='1'
date(l+1)='5'
endif

if(a .eq. 20) then
incr(l)='!'
date(l)='2'
date(l+1)='0'
endif

if(a .eq. 25) then
incr(l)='!'
date(l)='2'
date(l+1)='5'
endif

```



```

if(n .eq. 30) then
incr(1)="!"
date(1)="3"
date(1+1)="0"
endif

5029 continue

enddo

write(44,5030) bodfmax,(table(20,j),j=1,70)

do i=19,10,-1
write(44,5035) (table(i,j),j=1,70)
enddo

write(44,5040) bodfmx,(table(15,j),j=1,70)

write(44,5045) (table(14,j),j=1,70)
write(44,5046) (table(13,j),j=1,70)
write(44,5047) (table(12,j),j=1,70)
write(44,5048) (table(11,j),j=1,70)

write(44,5050) bodfmaxx,(table(10,j),j=1,70)

do i=9,6,-1
write(44,5055) (table(i,j),j=1,70)
enddo

write(44,5060) bodfmaxxx,(table(5,j),j=1,70)

do i=4,1,-1
write(44,5065) (table(i,j),j=1,70)
enddo

write(44,5070)
write(44,5075) (incr(1),i=2,71)
write(44,5080) (date(1),i=2,71)
write(44,5085)
write(44,5090)

5030 format(t23,f5.2,t29,"-",t30,"!",70a)
5035 format(t30,"!",70a)
5040 format(t23,f5.2,t29,"-",t30,"!",70a)
5045 format(t30,"!",70a)
5046 format(t17,"BOD=5",t30,"!",70a)
5047 format(t17,"(mg/l)",t30,"!",70a)
5048 format(t30,"!",70a)
5050 format(t23,f5.2,t29,"-",t30,"!",70a)
5055 format(t30,"!",70a)
5060 format(t23,f5.2,t29,"-",t30,"!",70a)
5065 format(t30,"!",70a)
5070 format("+",t24,"0.00 -",t30,72("-"))
5075 format(t30,"!",70a)
5080 format(t30,"0",70a)
5085 format(/t02,"Time (days)")
5090 format(/t57,"effluent 500 vs. Time")

write(44,6030) ssfmax,(ttble(20,1),i=1,70)

```

```

do i=19,16,-1
write(44,6035) (ttble(i,1),l=1,70)
enado

write(44,6040) ssfmx,(ttble(15,1),l=1,70)
write(44,6045) (ttble(14,1),l=1,70)
write(44,6046) (ttble(13,1),l=1,70)
write(44,6047) (ttble(12,1),l=1,70)
write(44,6048) (ttble(11,1),l=1,70)
write(44,6050) ssfmx,(ttble(10,1),l=1,70)

do i=9,6,-1
write(44,6055) (ttble(i,1),l=1,70)
enado

write(44,6060) ssfmx,(ttble(5,1),l=1,70)

do i=4,1,-1
write(44,6065) (ttble(i,1),l=1,70)
enado

write(44,6070)
write(44,6075) (incr( $\pi$ ), $n=2,71$ )
write(44,6080) (date( $m$ ), $n=2,71$ )
write(44,6085)
write(44,6090)

6030 format(t23,f5.2,t29,'-',t30,'!',70a)
6035 format(t30,'!',70a)
6040 format(t23,f5.2,t29,'-',t30,'!',70a)
6045 format(t30,'!',70a)
6046 format(t17,'SS',t30,'!',70a)
6047 format(t17,'(mg/l)',t30,'!',70a)
6048 format(t30,'!',70a)
6050 format(t23,f5.2,t29,'-',t30,'!',70a)
6055 format(t30,'!',70a)
6060 format(t23,f5.2,t29,'-',t30,'!',70a)
6065 format(t30,'!',70a)
6070 format('+',t23,'0.00 -',t30,72(' '))
6075 format(t30,'!',70a)
6080 format(t30,'0',70a)
6085 format(/t52,'Time (days)')
6090 format(/t57,'Effluent SS .vs. Time')

flowpeak=flow(1)
rainmax=rain(1)

do m=1,mn-1

if(flow(m+1) .gt. flowpeak) then
flowpeak=flow(m+1)
endif

if(rain(m+1) .gt. rainmax) then
rainmax=rain(m+1)
endif

enado

if(flowpeak .lt. designflo) then
flowpeak=designflo

```

```

endif

flowpk=flowpeak*15/20
flowpkk=flowpeak*10/20
flowpkkk=flowpeak*5/20

rainmx=rainmax*15/20
rainmxx=rainmax*10/20
rainmxxx=rainmax*5/20

do 5105 i=1,20
do 5100 j=1,70

graph(i,j) = ' '

5100 continue
5105 continue

do l=1,70

dash(l) = ' '
dates(l) = ' '

enddo

if(designflow .ne. 0) then
kl=20*designflow/flowpeak
do li=1,70
graph(kl,li) = ' '
enddo
endif

5110 write(44,5110)
format(/t30,'!',t101,'!' /t30,'!',t101,'!')

do n=1,mn

i=20*rain(n)/rainmax
j=70*n./mm

if(i .eq. 0) then
go to 5115
endif

graph(i,j) = '+'

5115 continue

enddo

do ix=1,20
do jx=1,70
if(graph(ix,jx) .eq. '+') then
iloop=ix
do mx=iloop,1,-1
graph(mx,jx)='.'
enddo
endif
enddo
enddo

```

```
do m=1,mm
k=20*flow(m)/flowpeak
l=70*m/mm
if(k .eq. 0) then
go to 5120
endif
graph(k,l) = '+'
5120 continue
enddo
do n=1,70
if(dates(n) .ne. ' ') then
go to 5123
endif
nn=n-1
if(dates(nn) .ne. ' ') then
go to 5123
endif
r=n*mm/70
if(r .eq. 5) then
dash(n) = '!'
dates(n) = '5'
endif
if(r .eq. 10) then
dash(n) = '!'
dates(n) = '1'
dates(n+1) = '0'
endif
if(r .eq. 15) then
dash(n) = '!'
dates(n) = '1'
dates(n+1) = '5'
endif
if(r .eq. 20) then
dash(n) = '!'
dates(n) = '2'
dates(n+1) = '0'
endif
if(r .eq. 25) then
dash(n) = '!'
dates(n) = '2'
dates(n+1) = '5'
endif
if(r .eq. 30) then
```

```

dash(n) = '1'
dates(n) = '3'
dates(n+1) = '0'
endif

5123 continue

enddo

write(44,5130) flowpeak,(graph(20,j),j=1,70),rainmax

do i=19,16,-1
*write(44,5135) (graph(i,j),j=1,70)
enddo

write(44,5140) flowpk,(graph(15,j),j=1,70),rainmx
write(44,5145) (graph(14,j),j=1,70)
write(44,5150) (graph(13,j),j=1,70)
*write(44,5155) (graph(12,j),j=1,70)
write(44,5160) (graph(11,j),j=1,70)
write(44,5165) flowpkk,(graph(10,j),j=1,70),rainmxx

do i=9,6,-1
write(44,5170) (graph(i,j),j=1,70)
enddo

write(44,5175) flowpkkk,(graph(5,j),j=1,70),rainmxxx

do i=4,1,-1
write(44,5180) (graph(i,j),j=1,70)
enddo

*write(44,5185)
write(44,5190) (dash(1),l=2,71)
*write(44,5195) (dates(1),l=2,71)
write(44,5200)
write(44,5205)

5130 format(t23,f5.2,t29,'-!',70a,t101,'!-',f5.2)
5135 format(t30,'!',70a,t101,'!')
5140 format(t23,f5.2,t29,'-!',70a,t101,'!-',f5.2)
5145 format(t30,'!',70a,t101,'!')
5150 format(t15,'Ave. Flow (*)',t30,'!',70a,t101,'!',t105,
'Rainfall (+)')
5155 format(t17,'(mod)',t30,'!',70a,t101,'!',t105,'(inches)')
5160 format(t30,'!',70a,t101,'!')
5165 format(t23,f5.2,t29,'-!',70a,t101,'!-',f5.2)
5170 format(t30,'!',70a,t101,'!')
5175 format(t23,f5.2,t29,'-!',70a,t101,'!-',f5.2)
5180 format(t30,'!',70a,t101,'!')
5185 format('+',t24,'0.00-',t30,'!',70a,t101,'!-0.00')
5190 format(t30,'!',70a)
5195 format(t30,'0',70a)
5200 format(/t59,'Time (Days)')
5205 format(/t48,'Average Flow & Rainfall vs. Time')

jcount=12+mon
rewind 6
numplnt=0

5208 if(numplnt .ne. num) then

```

```

      go to 5209
    else
      go to 5230
    endif

5209  read(b,5210) numplnt
5210  format(i4)
      do i=1,jcount
5215  read(s,5215) podave(i),ssave(i)
      format(2f8.2)
      enddo

      go to 5208

5230  bodavemax=podave(1)
      ssavemax=ssave(1)

      do j=1,jcount-1

        if(bodave(j+1) .gt. bodavemax) then
          bodavemax=podave(j+1)
        endif

        if(ssave(j+1) .gt. ssavemax) then
          ssavemax=ssave(j+1)
        endif

      enddo

      if(bodavemax .lt. bodavelim) then
        bodavemax=bodavelim
      endif

      if(ssavemax .lt. ssavelim) then
        ssavemax=ssavelim
      endif

      bodavemxx=bodavemax*15/20
      bodavemxxx=bodavemax*10/20
      bodavemxxxx=bodavemax*5/20

      ssavemxx=ssavemax*15/20
      ssavemxxx=ssavemax*10/20
      ssavemxxxx=ssavemax*5/20

      do 5240 i=1,20
      do 5235 j=1,40

        plotI(i,j) = ' '

5235  continue
5240  continue

      do 5250 k=1,20
      do 5245 l=1,40

        plotII(k,l) = ' '

5245  continue
5250  continue

```

```

do n=1,40
mark(n) = ' '
month(n) = ' '
enddo

write(44,5255)
5255 format(/t20,"!",t75,"!")
write(44,5256)
5256 format(t20,"!",t75,"!")

if(bodavelim .ne. 0) then
ii=20*bodavelim/bodavemax
do jj=1,40
plotI(ii,jj) = ' '
enddo
endif

if(ssavelim .ne. 0) then
kk=20*ssavelim/ssavemax
do ll=1,40
plotII(kk,ll) = ' '
enddo
endif

do 5265 m=1,jcount
i=20*bodave(m)/bodavemax

j=40*m/jcount

k=20*ssave(m)/ssavemax

l=40*m/jcount

if(l .eq. 0) then
go to 5260
endif

plotI(i,j) = '*'

5260 continue

if(k .eq. 0) then
go to 5265
endif

plotII(k,j) = '*'

5265 continue

do n=1,40

if(month(n) .ne. ' ') then
go to 5267
endif

if(month(n-1) .ne. ' ') then
go to 5267
endif

s=n*jcount/40

```

```
if(s .eq. 2) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '2'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 4) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '4'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 6) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '6'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 8) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '8'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 10) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '1'  
month(n+1) = '0'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 12) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '1'  
month(n+1) = '2'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 14) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '2'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 16) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '4'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 18) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '6'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 20) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '8'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 22) then  
mark(n) = '1'  
month(n) = '1'  
month(n+1) = '0'  
endif
```

```
if(s .eq. 24) then  
mark(n) = '1'
```



```

month(n) = '1'
month(n+1) = '2'
endif

5267 continue

      enddo

      write(44,5270) bodavemax,(plotI(20,j),j=1,40),ssavemax,
      . (plotII(20,1),l=1,40)

      do i=19,16,-1
      write(44,5275) (plotI(i,j),j=1,40),(plotII(i,1),l=1,40)
      enddo

      write(44,5280) bodavemx,(plotI(15,j),j=1,40),ssavemx,
      . (plotII(15,1),l=1,40)

      write(44,5285) (plotI(14,j),j=1,40),(plotII(14,1),l=1,40)
      write(44,5290) (plotI(13,j),j=1,40),(plotII(13,1),l=1,40)
      write(44,5295) (plotI(12,j),j=1,40),(plotII(12,1),l=1,40)
      write(44,5300) (plotI(11,j),j=1,40),(plotII(11,1),l=1,40)

      write(44,5305) bodavemxx,(plotI(10,j),j=1,40),ssavemxx,
      . (plotII(10,1),l=1,40)

      do i=9,6,-1
      write(44,5310) (plotI(i,j),j=1,40),(plotII(i,1),l=1,40)
      enddo

      write(44,5315) bodavemxxx,(plotI(5,j),j=1,40),ssavemxxx,
      . (plotII(5,1),l=1,40)

      do i=4,1,-1
      write(44,5320) (plotI(i,j),j=1,40),(plotII(i,1),l=1,40)
      enddo

      write(44,5325)
      write(44,5330) (mark(1),l=2,40),(mark(m),m=1,40)
      write(44,5335) (month(1),l=2,40),(month(m),m=1,40)
      write(44,5340)
      write(44,5345)

5270 format(t13,f5.2,t19,"-",t20,"!",40a,t68,f5.2,t74,"-",
      . t75,"!",40a)
5275 format(t20,"!",40a,t75,"!",40a)
5280 format(t13,f5.2,t19,"-",t20,"!",40a,t68,f5.2,t74,"-",
      . t75,"!",40a)
5285 format(t20,"!",40a,t75,"!",40a)
5290 format(t8,"BUD-5",t20,"!",40a,t67,"SS",t75,"!",40a)
5295 format(t8,"(mg/l)",t20,"!",40a,t65,"(mg/l)",t75,"!",40a)
5300 format(t20,"!",40a,t75,"!",40a)
5305 format(t13,f5.2,t19,"-",t20,"!",40a,t68,f5.2,t74,"-",
      . t75,"!",40a)
5310 format(t20,"!",40a,t75,"!",40a)
5315 format(t13,f5.2,t19,"-",t20,"!",40a,t68,f5.2,t74,"-",
      . t75,"!",40a)
5320 format(t20,"!",40a,t75,"!",40a)
5325 format("+",t14,"0.00 -",t20,42(" -"),t69,"0.00 -",t75,42(" -"))
5330 format(t20,"!",40a,t75,"!",40a)
5335 format(t20,"0",40a,t75,"0",40a)

```

```
5340 format(/t35,'Time (months)',t40,'Time (months)')
5345 format(/t32,'Monthly BOD vs. Time',t47,'Monthly SS vs. Time')

      if(jcount .eq. 24) then
        do n=1,12
          oocave(12+n)=oocave(n)
          ssave(12+n)=ssave(n)
        enddo
      endif
    end
```

APPENDIX IV: SAMPLE DTECTR OUTPUT

DIAGNOSTIC TESTING OF EFFICIENCY
BY COMPUTERIZATION OF TREATMENT REPORTS

VERSION 2.0

Revised and Rewritten
January 1983

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ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROGRAM
Department of Civil Engineering
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Amherst, Massachusetts 01003

This program was developed with financial assistance
from the Massachusetts Division of Water Pollution Control

The DPECTR program has been developed to aid the
Massachusetts Division of Water Pollution
Control in monthly compliance checking of municipal
wastewater treatment plants.

The output for each treatment plant consists of 5 sections:

- I. Tabulation of Daily Operational Data
- II. Daily BOD, SS Loadings and Percent Removals
- III. Tabulation of Sludge Treatment Parameters
- IV. Comparison of Operating Performances with Permit and Design Limits
- V. Graphic Representation of Permit and Design Parameters

Plants are coded in alphanumeric order. The
following list gives a code number with its
corresponding treatment plant

PLANT NUMBER	PLANT LOCATION
-----	-----
1	Amherst

SECTION 1 :

TABULATION OF DAILY OPERATIONAL DATA

PLANT NUMBER 1 : MODIFIED ACTIVATED SLUDGE

DAY	RAINFALL (inches)	Avg. FLOW (mgd)	PEAK FLOW (mgd)	RECIRC FLOW (mgd)	DO: AER TANK (mg/l)	MLSS (ml/l)	SVI (ml/g)(/days)	F/M RATIO	CHLORINE RESIDUAL (mg/l)	TOTAL COLIFORM (/100 ml)	FECAL COLIFORM (/100 ml)	PHOS (mg/l)	AMM NIT (mg/l)	NO3 NIT (mg/l)
1	0.00	3.06	4.10	0.00	0.0	2240.0	0.00	0.00	0.60	95.0	0.0	2.4	7.8	0.51
2	0.02	3.14	4.40	0.00	14.4	2235.0	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
3	0.06	3.10	4.40	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
4	0.01	3.03	4.20	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
5	1.14	3.54	6.80	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
6	0.35	3.16	4.70	0.00	0.0	2160.0	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
7	0.00	2.74	4.50	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.10	150.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
8	0.00	3.23	5.00	0.00	0.0	1710.0	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.0	0.0	1.8	12.6	0.00
9	0.00	3.16	4.40	0.00	31.8	1755.0	0.00	0.00	0.50	1000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
10	0.00	3.36	4.50	0.00	0.0	1210.0	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
11	0.00	2.89	4.50	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
12	0.00	2.96	4.10	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
13	0.01	2.97	4.50	0.00	0.0	1620.0	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
14	0.00	2.13	4.40	0.00	0.0	1350.0	0.00	0.00	1.60	68.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
15	0.00	2.35	5.00	0.00	0.0	1615.0	0.00	0.00	1.80	0.0	0.0	2.4	9.5	0.29
16	0.00	2.85	4.70	0.00	0.0	1695.0	0.00	0.00	1.10	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
17	0.00	2.77	5.00	0.00	0.0	1410.0	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
18	0.00	2.46	5.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
19	0.03	2.45	4.50	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
20	0.28	3.30	5.00	0.00	0.0	1175.0	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
21	0.63	3.33	4.90	0.00	0.0	1415.0	0.00	0.00	1.45	28.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
22	0.02	2.91	4.50	0.00	0.0	1600.0	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.24
23	0.00	3.21	4.50	0.00	0.0	1635.0	0.00	0.00	0.85	170.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
24	0.00	3.07	4.50	0.00	0.0	1365.0	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
25	0.00	2.66	4.50	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
26	0.00	2.14	4.90	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
27	0.14	3.00	4.50	0.00	0.0	1475.0	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
28	0.00	2.66	5.80	0.00	0.0	1655.0	0.00	0.00	1.30	69.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
29	0.42	2.63	0.00	0.00	0.0	1735.0	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.0	0.0	4.0	15.4	0.19
30	0.00	2.96	0.00	0.00	0.0	2030.0	0.00	0.00	1.05	110.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
31	0.00	3.60	4.50	0.00	0.0	1620.0	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00
AVE.	3.11	2.94	4.40	0.00	23.10	1652.62	0.00	0.00	1.00	191.2	0.0	2.7	11.3	0.31

SECTION II:

DAILY BOD, SS LOADINGS, AND PERCENT REMOVALS

DAY	DAILY BOD		DAILY SS		BOD LOADING		SS LOADING		PERCENT REMOVALS	
	(mg/l)		(mg/l)		(PPD)		(PPD)		BOD	SS
	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent		
1	85.50	2.80	133.30	2.30	2181.99	71.46	3401.87	71.46	.97	.98
6	91.50	6.60	101.30	6.00	2411.43	173.94	2669.70	158.13	.93	.94
8	99.00	4.50	133.30	5.40	2666.88	121.22	3590.86	145.47	.95	.96
10	73.50	2.62	105.40	9.00	2059.65	73.42	2953.56	252.20	.96	.91
13	166.50	4.30	170.70	2.50	4124.17	106.51	4228.21	61.92	.97	.99
15	114.50	3.10	138.70	5.00	2322.48	60.76	2718.38	98.00	.97	.96
17	136.50	2.50	143.50	6.50	3153.40	57.75	3315.11	150.16	.98	.95
20	162.00	6.20	153.40	7.50	4458.56	170.64	4221.87	206.42	.96	.95
22	121.50	5.30	144.00	8.50	2948.73	128.63	3494.79	206.29	.96	.94
24	108.00	4.60	130.70	1.30	2765.21	117.78	3346.42	33.28	.96	.99
27	138.00	3.20	139.40	11.30	3452.76	80.06	3487.79	282.73	.98	.92
29	118.50	2.30	145.30	2.50	2599.20	50.45	3187.04	54.84	.98	.98
31	100.50	2.40	130.70	6.50	3017.41	72.06	3924.14	195.16	.98	.95
AVE.	116.88	3.44	136.13	5.75	2935.53	98.82	3426.13	147.39	.97	.96

SECTION III:

VARIATION OF SLUDGE TREATMENT PARAMETERS

METHOD: Digestion

DAY	FLD. TO DIGESTOR (100 gal)	INFL. PERCENT SOLIDS (mg/l)	GAS PRODUCED (ft ³)	RETENTION TIME (min)	PH	VOL. SLUDGE PRODUCED (yd ³)	% SOLIDS SLUDGE
1	15.300	0.0	0.0	60	5.2	20.0	27.0
6	15.800	0.0	0.0	70	4.9	30.0	25.0
8	16.500	0.0	0.0	75	5.0	25.0	30.0
13	14.450	0.0	0.0	90	4.7	27.0	29.0
15	11.750	0.0	0.0	95	4.8	30.0	32.0
17	13.950	0.0	0.0	90	5.1	15.0	33.0
20	16.500	0.0	0.0	93	4.7	17.0	28.0
22	14.550	0.0	0.0	95	4.9	19.0	33.5
24	15.350	0.0	0.0	96	5.1	25.0	35.1
27	15.000	0.0	0.0	97	5.2	19.0	29.7
29	13.150	0.0	0.0	90	4.9	28.0	29.1
AVE.	14.782	0.0	0.0	83.	5.0	23.2	30.1

METHOD OF DISPOSAL: Incineration

SECTION IV :

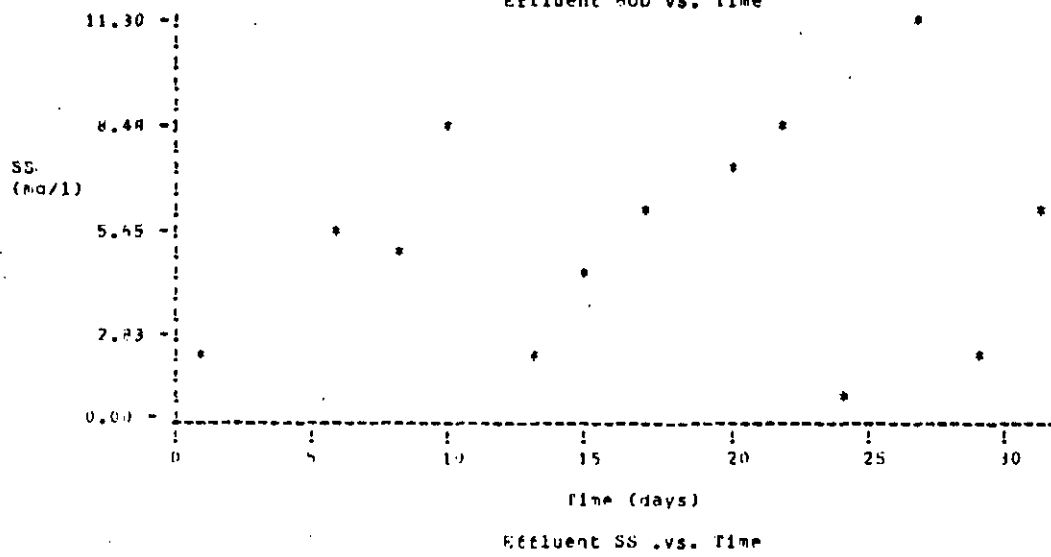
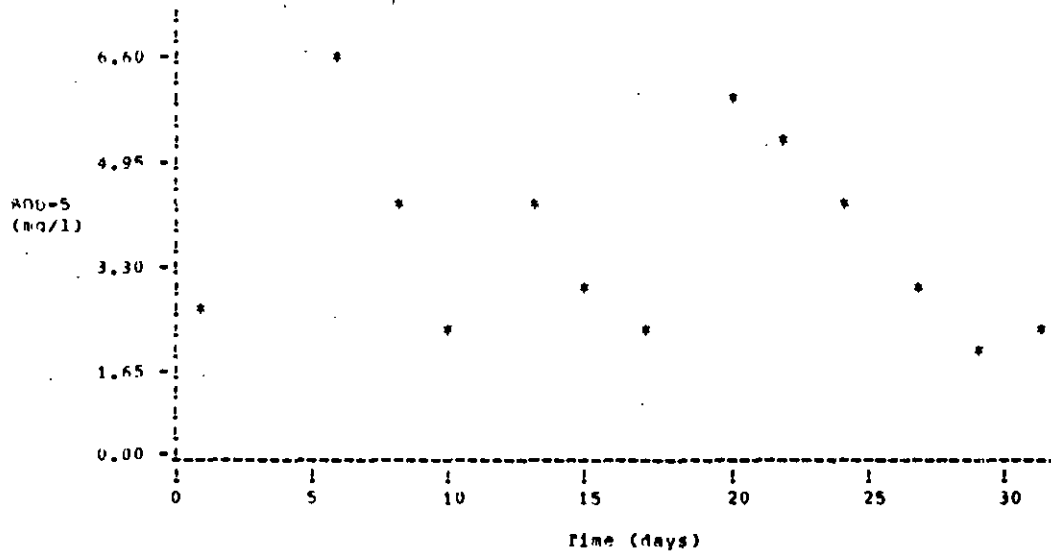
COMPARISON OF OPERATING PERFORMANCES
WITH PERMIT AND DESIGN LIMITS

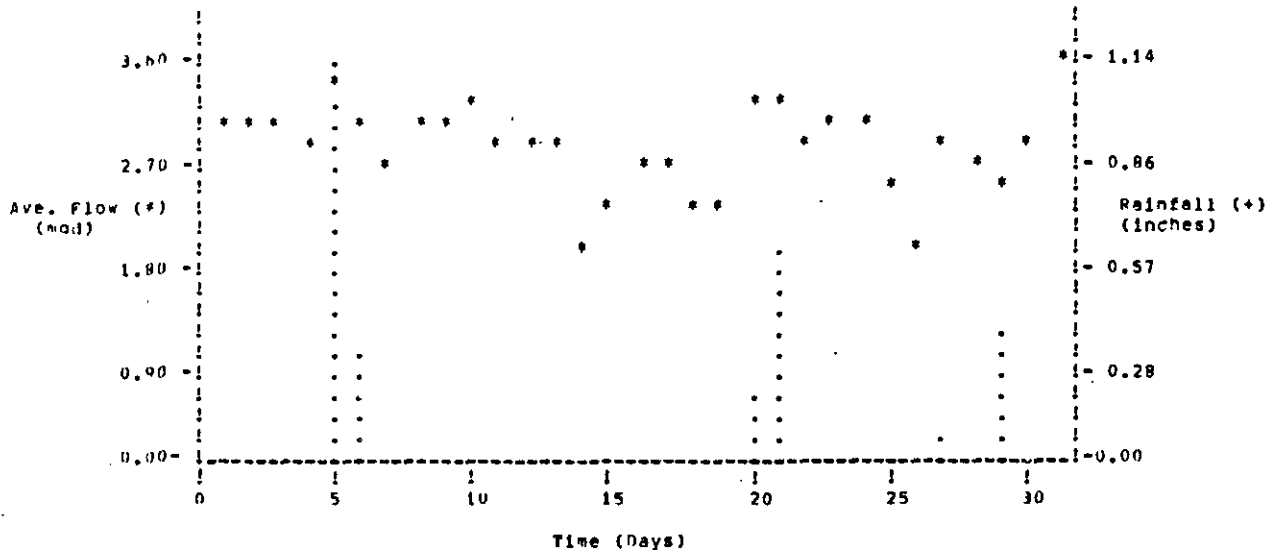
	MAXIMUM VALUE	PERMIT LEVEL	NO. TIMES PERMIT EXCEEDED
Daily BOD (mg/l)	2.40	0.00	0
Monthly BOD (mg/l)	3.88	30.00	0
Daily SS (mg/l)	6.50	0.00	0
Monthly SS (mg/l)	5.75	30.00	0
Daily Percent Removal: BOD	0.98	0.00	0
Monthly Percent Removal: BOD	0.97	0.00	0
Daily Percent Removal SS	0.98	0.00	0
Monthly Percent Removal: SS	0.96	0.00	0
Daily Effl. Phosphorus (mg/l)	4.00	0.00	0
Monthly Effl. Phosphorus (mg/l)	2.70	0.00	0
Daily Effl. Ammonia (mg/l)	15.40	0.00	0
Monthly Effl. Ammonia (mg/l)	11.33	0.00	0

Daily Effl. Nitrate (mg/l)	0.19	0.00	0
Monthly Effl. Nitrate (mg/l)	0.31	0.00	0
Daily Flow (mgd)	1.60	0.00	0
Monthly Design Flow (mgd)	2.94	7.00	0
Daily Total Coliform (/100 ml)	110.0	0.0	0
Monthly Total Coliform (/100 ml)	191.2	1000.0	0
Daily Fecal Coliform (/100 ml)	0.0	0.0	0
Monthly Fecal Coliform (/100 ml)	0.0	200.0	0
Daily Settleable Solids (%/1)	0.000	0.000	0
Monthly Settleable Solids (%/1)	0.000	0.100	0
Other Parameter I (units)	0.000	0.000	0
Monthly Other Parameter I (units)	0.000	0.000	0
Other Parameter II (units)	0.000	0.000	0
Monthly Other Parameter II (units)	0.000	0.000	0

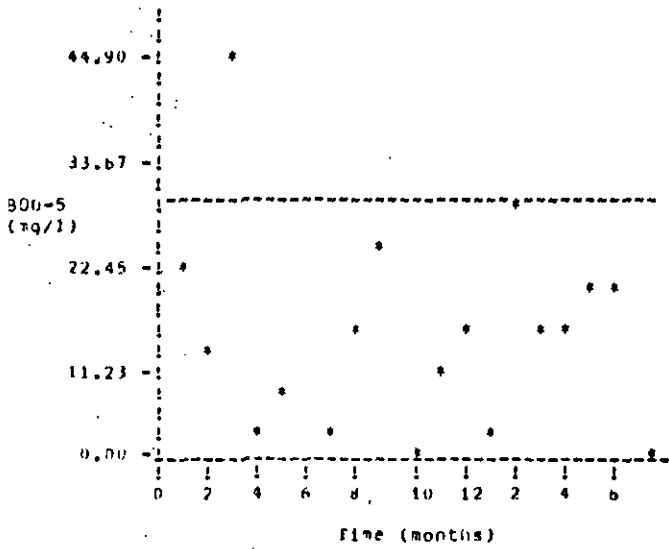
SECTION V :

GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION OF NPDES & DESIGN PARAMETERS

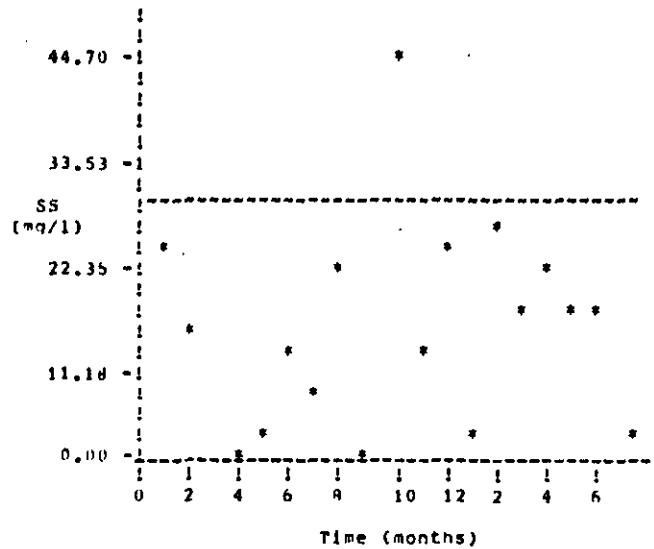




Average Flow & Rainfall vs. Time



Monthly BOD vs. Time



Monthly SS vs. Time

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